LOUISVILLE, KY., SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1865.

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No notice will be taken of Anon: mous communications Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer-not neces sarily for publication, but as a guaranty of his good faith.

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Five lines (torty words) or less, in column of "Wants,"
"For Sale," "For Rent," "Boarding," "Lost," "Found,"

The Rebel Postmaster General.

Mr. Reagan's Letter to the People of Texas.

He Advocates Negro Suffrage.

S. H. Reagan, Postmaster General of the late Confederacy, who has just been released from Fort Warren, during his confinement there wrote a long letter to the people of Texas, from which we extract those portions which are of general interest:

The State occupies the position of a conqured nation. State government and State sovereignty are in abeyance, and will be so of the gravest character open for discussion and agitation, and by degrees accustom the whole country to a sort of military government, and result in the establishment of a military despotism, without bringing you any nearer to the attainment of your wishes than you are at present. In order to seen to yourselves again the blessings of loc self-government, and to avoid military rul

olition of slavery, and the right of those who have been slaves to the privileges and protection of the law of the land. From what I can see, this much will be required as the least that would be likely to satisfy the Government, and secure to you

the benefits of civil government, and the admission of your members into the Congress of the United States.

But even this may fail in the attainment of these ands puless provision shall be

of these ends, unless provision shall be made by the new State Government for conferring the elective franchise on the former slaves. And present appearances indicate that this will be required by Northern public sentiment and by Congress. And our people are in no condition to disregard that opinion or power with safety. But I am persuaded you may satisfy both without further injury to yourselves than has already occurred. If you can do this, and secure to yourselves liberty, the protection of the Constitution and the laws of the United States, and the right of local self-govern-ment, you will be more fortunate than many other conquered people have been. The Government and the people of the North-ern States will, I have no doubt, irecognize the necessity of your securing these blessings, as important to the whole country, as a means of preserving to it Constitutional liberty and the present form

publican government. publican government.

This is a new language to employ in addressing you, and will be unwelcome to you as it is sorrowful to me. But it would be more than folly, it would be a great crime for you, and I, and those who may be charged with the duty of reorganizing and restoring the State to the Union, to refuse to recognize the facts of your situation, however disagreeable, and to speak of and deal with them with candor and directness.

Wisdom requires us to accept the decision of battle upon the issues involved, and to be thankful that no more has been de manded by the conquerors, and to unite frankly, and as cheerfully as we can, with the Government, in carrying out the policy it has propounded. Some of our people seem still to think they can retain their property and their slaves, under the authority of the Constitution and laws of the United States. If the question had been originally submitted to the country of the country, instead of to the trial of battle, this might have been the case. But we are not now permitted to claim the protection of the Government which we repudiated and

fought against, unless by its consent.
It says to the great mass of our peeple you may retain your property, except your slaves. They are now free. And unless you agree to this you can neither get back into the Government as citizens, nor into any other species of property. The only wise and safe course for you to pursue is to accept promptly, unreservedly, and in good faith, the terms and policy offered, and go forward in the work of reorganization and restoration to the Union. This requires your assent to great presenter, seen tights. your assent to great pecuniary sacrifices, momentous changes in our social and industrial system, and a surrender of your opinions and prejudices on most important questions. It is humbling to our self-esteem, humiliating to our pride, and cannot be more unwelcome to you than it is pain. be more unwelcome to you than it is painful to me to feel that duty requires me to give and you to accept the advice. It is not that sort of advice which persons some times give but do not accept for themselves. It is for me and mine as well as for you

To the conferring of the elective franchise on your former slaves, I anticipate a stubborn and sincere opposition, based on the ignorance of the great mass of them, and on the total want of information and

ercise of these responsible rights, they have been deprived of the blessings of peace, or-der and good government, and involved in an almost uninterrupted series of wars and evolutions, often of the most cruel and arbarous character, for more than half a entury, with no prospect of an ameliora-ion or improvement of their condition. But these difficulties are not insuperable,

you meet them with patience and reason, have no doubt you can adopt a plan which will fully meet the demands of justice and fairness and satisfy the Northern mind, and the requirements of the Government, without endangering good government, and the repose of society. This can be done by:

oe done by: "First. Extending the priveleges and pro-1 00 tection of the laws over negroes as they are r-20c over the whites and allowing them to testity in the courts on the same conditions; leaving their testimony subject to its credibility; but not objecting to its admissibility. And in this you will conform with the wise current of modern legislation, and the tendency of all judicial decisions in all enlight-

"And Second. By fixing an intellectual and moral, and, if thought necessary, a property test for the admission of all persons to the exercise of the elective franchise, without reference to race or color, which would secure its intelligent exer-

My own view would be-First. That no person now entitled to the privilege of voting should be deprived of it because of any new test. I would recognize

in this the difference between taking away a right not heretofore exercised.

Second. That to authorize the admission of persons hereafter to the exercise of the elective franchise, they should be, first, males; second, twenty-one years of age; third, citizens of the United States; fourth, should have resided in the State one year, and in the district, county or precinct, six months next preceeding any election, at which they proposed to vote; fifth, should be able to read in the English language un-derstandingly; sixth, and must have paid taxes for the last year preceding for which such taxes were due and payable, subject to any disqualification for crime, of which the person may have been duly convicted, which may be prescribed by law.

The adoption of these measures, in addion to those before mentioned, would, in my judgment, meet the ends of justice and fairness; secure the re-establishment of the State government, the admission of her Senators and Representatives in Congress, the suspension of military rule, and the restoration of civil, constitutional and local self-government. And it would do more. It would secure your protection against other great and pending evils; and is, I am ersuaded, of the greatest consequence to our future peace, prosperity and happi-

First. It would remove all just grounds of antagonism and hostility between the white and black races. Unless this is done, endless strife and bitterness of feeling must characterize their relations, and all history and human experience teach us must sooner or later, result in a war of races. We now know, from sad experience, what held until you adopt a government and policy acceptable to the conquerors. Λ refusal to accede to these conditions would races is the most relentless and cruel; the only result in a prolongation of the time extermination, or expulsion from the counduring which you will be deprived of a civil try, or enslavement of one or the other. Government of your own choice, and continue subject to military rule. And it would do more than these; it would keep questions are self-time subject to the contract that the self-time subject to military rule. And it would to themselves, or the loss of liberty to both races where they are all subject to the conto themselves, or the loss of interry to both races where they are all subject to the control of a superior power, which would be our situation. I speak, of course, of the legal rights and status of the two races. Their social relations are matters of taste and choice, and not subject to legislative

regulation, Second. This course would disarm and put an end to inter-State, sectional, politi-cal agitation on the subject, at least, which has been the special curse of our country for so many years, and which was the cause of the unoumbered wors we have re-cently experienced and still suffer, by de-First. To recognize the supreme authority of the Government of the United States, within the sphere of its power, and the right priving the agitators of a subject on which ecession of the States.

And, second. You must recognize the ablition of slavery, and the right of those the country, and between the different

And this would do much toward the narmony and fraternal good will between all parts of the country. And this too is of the greatest consequence to our future wel-fare, and especially as our people now know there is no hope of escape from it by appealing to the principles of State Sover-eignty and the right of secession.

If the State will accept this policy at once, will attain the great ends heretofore menned, and it will save its own people from ars of painful strife and agitation on these estions, which would at last, probably ter years of contention, be found to be the lead to nothing worse. How infinitely better it will be for you, for both races, for the present and the future, for the whol ountry, if you will unhesitatingly recog-nize the unalterable facts as to your condi-ion, and the inevitable logic of events; and asten, as it is in your power to do, the return of the blessings of civil government and constitutional liberty; and avoid, as is in your power to do, the fearful periwhich now lies before you. I know the painful struggle against education, and habit, and policy, and tradition, and pre judice, which such a course will requir on to encounter, and how hard it is for human nature to overcome difficulties. But my sincere prayer is that God, in His good ness and mercy, may enable you to exhibit this last crowning evidence, in the midst of your calamities.

The negroes will, it is hoped, gradually iffuse themselves among the greatly pre-condenating numbers of whites, in the diferent States and Territories; many of them vill probably go to Mexico, and other ountries, in search of social equality; and their numbers by accessions from other ountries. While the steady and rapid inlux of great numbers of white races from other countries will gradually decrease the sproportion in numbers between them ement in society and government innoxous, or at least powerless for evil, if they would be so inclined. But from the general docility of their dispositions, we may expect the most of them to be orderly, and and many of them industrious and useful citizens. But to secure these desirable ends ial prerequisite to confer on them their reasonable and necessary rights, and to adopt a policy which will prevent them

ming an element of political agi-Governor Humphreys' inaugural. Jackson, Miss., October 16.—Governor Humphreys, in his inaugural says: "I have always believed that no one or more States could constitutionally sever the ties that ite the people of the several States in one ople. Those advocating the right of session could not have found a better mode of solving the question than the arbitra-ment of war. But the question was thus referred and decided against us. The people of Mississippi acknowledge the decision and wish to return to the Union. It has gives evidence of renable lidelity in peace; potatoes on his farm in that town, a dry if the unvarying professions that spring old fellow stopped to watch the operation. The merchant, more enthusiastic than any evidence of the truth, it is sufficiently demonstrated that the people of the South may be safely trusted when they profess more than a willingness to return to their allegiance; The State of Mississippi has already, by her own solemn set, abolished good gron. What time do you think is her already, by her own solemn act, abolished good crop. What time do you think is best slavery. It is due to her honor to show by her future that she has done so in good faith, now; you'll never get a bigger crop."

Letter from Georgia.

Ferocious Crucity to a Quadroen-How to Resent an Insuit in Georgia-Deso-lation of the Country-Politics-Elec-tion for the Convention-Complaints of

[Correspondence of the Cincinnati Commercial.] GRIFFIN, GA., October 11, 1865.

I told you I had a promise from Captain Parker, that he would give me the substance of his record-proof in the case of an outrage, the deliberate flendishness of stance of his record-proof in the case of outrage, the deliberate fiendishness of which out-Herods Herod in savage cruelty. His promise has been kept. Years ago there came up from this "howling wilderness" occasional walls of woe, and tales of wee, and tales of atrocity more horrible than the bloodthirsty work of cannibals. We were incredulous to believe any one, and the bloodthirsty work of cannibals. We were incredulous to believe any one, and the bloodthirsty work of cannibals. We were incredulous to believe any one, and tales of the Anglo-Saxon and the bloodthirsty work of cannibals. We were incredulous to believe any one, and the bloodthirsty work of cannibals. We were incredulous to believe any one, and tales of the Anglo-Saxon are believed this year, making seven bamocrats in all against thirty-three Unionists. In the Assembly, the Democrats claim twenty-five members. The Union party, at all exents, have a majority of fifrace, and a tithe of civilization and enlightenment in his composition, could be guilty
of such cruelty to animal kind, whether
man or brute. The conquering sword of
the North has carried with it a free press
and pen, and as these heretofore exclusive
States are now the possessed land of "this
glorious Yankee Nation"—a part of "Uncle
Sam's farm"—society may calculate, as in
every part of the North, to be impartially
scrutinized and thoroughly criticised, and scrutinized and thoroughly criticised, and mirrored to the world. Exclusiveness was darkness in which your evil deeds were hid! The light is glaring full upon you to-day, and mankind sits in judgment over your deportment—ye people of the South! But to the outrage. One John M. Ingram, a resident of Car-

veta county, a score of miles from Griffin, formerly owned a young and intelligent quadroon. There existed a mutual attachment between her and the family, she was given what, under the system of slavery was, the post of honor in the household, that of waitress. Occasionally, Ingram would return home more or less intoxicated, at which time he would require the him while he slept. Recently, he returned, slightly under the influence of liquor, and the usual programme transpired; but after he had fallen asleep, the girl, for some urhe had fallen asleep, the girl, for some urgent purpose, left the room for a moment. During this period, Ingram woke. Discovering her absence, he called, and on her approach, he felled her to the floor with a blow. At this unusual procedure, she remarked that if he persisted in his abuse, she would tell the Yankees on him. Ingram flow into a rose and instantial locking. ram flew into a rage, and instantly locking her in the room, stripped every shred of clothing from her body, and obtained a long rope, with one end of which he tied firmly her wrists together, behind her back. Putting the other end of the rope through a look in the joice above (which thus became rook in the joice above (which thus became (,) he drew her arms up as far as without dislocating them from

lastered. His next step was to go up stairs, and renove, immediately over her, a few planks move, immediately over her, a few planks from the second floor, after which he set fire to some "light wood"—a*kind of pitchy pine wood, used in this region for torches and kindling—and, stancing directly over her, let the seething, resinous drippings, all ablaze like burning tar, fall through the aperture he had made, on to the poor creatures back, neck, head and shoulders. Her body was drawn by the rope into a stoop. body was drawn by the rope into a stoop-ing posture, the head inclined forward, and the vertebre wholly exposed. Wherever the fiery substance came in contact with the cuticle, the flesh was burned to a crisp. Ier screams attracted his wife and all the plantation negroes. No entreaty availed while his demoniac passion ruled. To continue his hellish work: he descended the thue his hellish work; he descended the stairway and applied the torch to her feet, legs and other parts not reached from above. The excitement had entirely sobered him. Then he threatened to murder her outright, but by this time his wife, pale and fainting with latigue and fright, had run a furlong after neighbors, among whom had come a sister of this fiendish wretch. medical skill, miraculous as it may seem,

by not only competent testimony, but by the yet suppurating scalds examined by the Captain, and others connected with his of-

Comments unnecessary. Copperhead papers please copy.

Vallandigham as a Military Man. We find in the Mac-a-Cheek Press the speech of Colonel Donn Piatt, made at Dayon the night before the election. Hi

description of Vallandigham's appearance as a military chieftain is relishable: "Why, do you remember, my fellow-cit-izens, that previous to the late war this Clement L. Vallandigham was a Brigadier General. I remember it, for I saw him. I happened to be in Dayton when the Governor of Ohio, on special invitation, came here to inspect the military and naval forces of Montgomery County. [Laughter.] Oh, you needn't laugh; it was a big thing; indeed, I may say it was immense. An in-dependent company of thirty men, trussed in like woodcocks prepared for the spitand Brigadier General Clement L. Vallan-ligham and staff. Why, it struck me that the style and name should have been Brigthe style and name should have been Brig-adier General Clement L. Vallandigtuden-dammer and staff. [Laughter,] This was the military; as for the naval force I can not say. I suppose, upon the 'ragin' canawl,' you had a show about as imposing as the Brigadier General. I was standing on the balcony of the Phillips House when

the General came sweeping round. "'I saw him but a moment, Methanks I see him now. With bomb-shells worked upon his tail, And war upon his brow,' [Laughter.]

"He was on a tremendous charger, and is breast stuffed out like a wetnurse, and his behind like a bunty-tailed rooster. [Excessive laughter.] His epaulets dazzled the eye, his fearful sword banged to and fio, and wide as your streets are, they were not wide enough for him. He came on cantering, caracoling and cavorting. He seared a woman with a child in her arms, on one corner, he upset an apple-stand on the other. And so he swept by, out of the present, I believe, into a glorious future. How secure our country is with such defenders, thought I. Great Clem! valiant Clem! ride on to glory. Ah! my friends, the yanity of human wishes. The war came; and did Clem, like Job's war-horse smell the battle afar? Yes, my friends and immediately ran into the tall grass and washed off the paint. And when he came out his swelling bosom had wilted, his bulbous behind had collapsed; all the pride, pomp and circumstance of glorious war, had disappeared, and the late Brigadier General Clement L. Vallandigtudendamhammer appeared as Aminadab Sleek, the angel of peace. This yillainous salt-petre, digged from the bowels of the harmless earth, and exploded in shells, makes many an angel of peace, who was before brave as Julius Cæsar—on parade."

The New Bedford Mercury says that as a gentleman, now a distinguished merchant of Boston, but formerly a resident of Nanbeen officially reported that our people are of Boston, but formerly a resident of Nan-insincere; but, if unflinching fidelity in war tucket, was one day engaged in planting gives evidence of reliable fidelity in peace; potatoes on his farm in that town, a dry

and on the total want of information and experience in matters of legislation, administration, and everything which pertains to the science of government and upon the pride of race. And this objection may be sustained by pointing to the examples of Mexico and of the Central American and Bouth American States, where, by the enfranchisement of the Indians and the negroes, and all others, without reference to race or mental or moral fitness for the experience in matters of legislation, administration, and everything which pertains to the science of government and upon the pride of race. And this objection may be sustained by pointing to the examples of Mexico and of the Central American and look is brought two actions of the Federalist, has brought two actions of the federalist and that slavery shall never again flourish in our border, in whatsoever name or guise it is brought forward."

Henry B. Dawson, editor of a new edition of the Federalist has brought two actions of the federalist points and the negroes of the every day record of his life, beginning with his college days; and the publication of 'Passages from Hawthorne's Diary.' Hawthorne's Diary.' Hawthorne left several volumes of the every day record of his life, beginning with his college days; and the publication of 'Passages from these volumes must introduce of the federalist. The damages from these volumes must introduce of the consider the darkest hour to be.

ATTENTION, YOUNG MEN!

AS THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SETIEUTION, A STHE UNDERSIGNED HAS GREAT AS THE UNDERSIGNED HAS and that slavery shall never again flourish in our border, in whatsoever name or guise it is brought forward."

In the Atlantic Monthly for Januar next will be begun the publication of "Pass from Hawthorne's plary." Haw

POLITICAL.

Hon. Robert S. Hale, of Elizabethtown, New York, was nominated at a convention held at Port Henry, on the 10th inst., for member of Congress from the 16th district of New York, in place of Orlando Kellogg, deceased. The opposing candidate was Judge Ferris, of Warren county. Mr. Hale and his competitor, Judge Ferris, are both graduates of the University of Vermont.

At the recent election of a new Legisla-At the recent election of a new Legislature in California, the Union party gained a complete victory. The State Senate ticket is composed of forty members, of whom nineteen hold over from last year, and twenty-four were elected on September 6. Of the nineteen who hold over, only two are Democrats, and five other Democrats have been elected this year, making seven Democrate in all against thirty-three Un-

The Union men gain four Senators and thirteen Assemblymen in the Legislature of Pennsylvania. Never in the history of politics in that State were the Democrats in such a helpless minority in the Legislature. Heretofore the State has been so nicely bal-anced that we have barely saved the Legislature, and it will be remembered that year before last the rebels captured a Union member of the Senate, and thus enabled their copperhead friends to hold that body by a lie vote. The people have decided to remedy that difficulty by giving the Re-publicans such a decided majority that the abduction of a member will not neutralize that branch.

It will have been noted that, while most or all provisional governors have made haste to call conventions to reconstruct their several States, Governor Hamilton, of Texas has forborne. The reason we understand to be that he believes the time for such a movement has not yet arrived. He wishes the loyal sentiment to have become thoroughly predominant through discussion and enlightenment, before the State shall be reconstructed. This seems to us eminently wise and prudent; and we hear with regret that intimidations, if not positive orders, have recently been forwarded to him from Washington which will probably constrain him to call a convention forthwith.

Hon. Joseph Segar, of Virginia, in a recent speech in Richmond, declared that the southerners "were inexpressible gainers by emancipation." He further said:

"I speak from experience and observation." In my county, where emancipation.

tion. In my own county, where emanci-pation has been in practical operation from the commencement of the war, and on the eastern shore of Virginia, where the policy has been fairly tested, it is an ascertained act that the farmers make more clear possible without dislocating them from their sockets. The dwelling was one anda-half stories, the second floor being laid loosely, and the ceiling of the first story not being electored.

The Spirit of the North.

[From the Boston Journal.] It certainly seems somewhat singular, under the circumstances, that any one should be found to accuse the people of the North of an intolerant spirit toward the Southern people. Even the most radical men have expressed views of singular mod eration in regard to any specific punishment to be meted out to individual rebels and no one is found to advocate capital punishment any further than the most ab-solute necessities of public safety may require, while a great many condemn it alto-gether. It would be interesting were the data at hand to compare the course of the United States Government in dealing with the rebellion with that which has followed the suppression of any revolt, uprising, or attempted revolution with which history has made us acquainted. If we turn to Poland, Hungary, or Ireland, we shall find repression exercised with merciless sever-ity, surrender followed by no attempts at the amelioration or concile She induced | ple, and no efforts on the parts of the gov him to desist. After weeks of lingering between life and death, by good care and which were produced by the contest. When we consider, also, the very lenient and moderate measures pursued by our Govmedical skin, intractions and the won-his victim began to recover.

This girl's own affidavit was corroborated by not only competent testimony, but by the work supportating scalds examined by the most irritating and defiant taunts, were practised by and hurled from the rebels, we may be sure of that favorable judgment from the world so impressively invoked by the Great Emancipator whenever the his-

tory of the war is written. tory of the war is written.

But it is perhaps:more nearly written and understood now than may be generally thought possible. One such trial as that of the monster Wirz reveals to shuddering because it is a considering without resulting the conditions without resulting the conditions of the monster. umanity a fiendishness without parallel which would consign to eternal infamy the airest cause the sun ever shone upon. In contrast with the spirit which this reveals one turns with a lighter heart to the con-templation of what the North is doing for the Southern people. Everywhere it offers the choicest fruits of the Christian civiliza-tion of the age. New England is great in enterprise, unsurpassed in intellect and universal activity; but her chief glory is in those humane institutions and practices which have for their object the elevation of the poor and humble, the care and alleviation of the suffering and unfortunate. While the Government and statesmen are anxiously pondering questions of reconstruction, money, food, and clothing is freely bestowed by the Northern people to suply the necessities of the South. But while uch has been done, much remains to be ne. Uuquestionably the coming winter at the South will be one of extreme desti-tution and misery, both for white and black. Like all the nations born to liberty in this world, the blacks must be made per-fect through suffering, and, like all who

have blindly taken up the sword against true progress, the once dominant race must take the bitter consequences. The only revenge which we of the North should take is that of spreading our schools and our free Christian institutions through out the land. We must expect to be called upon often for contributions in money and in clothing. The responses to such calls should be as liberal, free, and hearty as our means will allow us to make. A few impor-tant points held in the South, a few asylums built, where the children of the black and white levalists are received, already have their influence. If judiciously managed, they will affect more in winning over the affections of all classes to the Union than almost any other agency which is likely to be employed. It is moreover absolutely in-dispensable that the few loyalists there, of whatever station, he built up and sustained against the bitter feeling which mostly prevails against them. Whatever the President may do, or fail to do, whatever may be the course pursued when Congress shall assemble, the people will not, we are pursuaded, neglect those duties which the times de-mand, and which the approach of winter renders more imperative and urgent. Chan-nels are not wanting through which the humblest offering may reach its desired ob ect, and out of the abundance of the North these beneficent streams, which have not ceased to flow since the beginning of the war, will continue their good work until pacification is complete.

The Vicksburg Herald says that General The Vicksburg Herald says that General Benjamin G. Humphreys, the rebel officer, just elected Governor of Mississippi, "is a high-toned Christian gentleman and sol-dier. He has served Mississippi in council and in camp, and the devotion he has exhibited to her in the past is the best pledge of how true he will be to her in this her darkest hour." It is worth while to know what these model Union men of Mississippi consider the darkest hour to be.

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University of Louisville! MEDICAL DEPARTMENT!

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Nashville, July 15, 1865.

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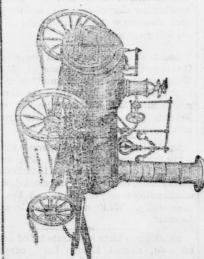
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JAMES A. FRAZER WHOLESALE GROCER

AND COMMISSION MERCHANT Nes. 66 and 68 Walnut St., Cincinnati, O.

OFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SIRUPS, SPICES, &c.
Fish of all kinds and all sizes packages.
Long continuance in the trade enables me to offer special inducements to buyer

COV'NT AUCTION SALES.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT BOATS AND BARGES AT AUCTION. Quartermaster General's Office, Washington, Co.

A. M., the steamboats
Autocrat,
D. A. January,
Metropolitan,
R. C. woo.is,
Ad. Hines,
One Wrecking Barge—E. M. Ryland—complete;
Wharfboat Dearborne;
Fifty Model Barges, and
Twentr Gunwale and other Barges;
Lying at St. Louis. Twentr Gunwale and other Barges; Lying at St. Louis. The boats will be sold with all the furniture, rigging,

and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Buly certified and examined vouchers for transportation services will be received as cash at their full face value, in payment for all property sold; otherwise, terms cash. ash,
By order of the Quartermaster General,
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
oct7 td Brig. Gen. and Q. M.

LARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

ARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

TUESDAY, October 24, 1865, at Wilson Genera
House, on Hillsboro, p.ke, consisting in part of

1970 Blankets;

2700 'hects;
1400 Phlow Geses;
1605 pair Drawers;
1230 Shirts;
700 Mattressess;
900 Iron Bedsteads;
900 Hair Pillow, e.c.

Also, a large amount of Furniture and Appliances.
Sale to commence at 9 A. M.

By order of Major General Thomas.
S. E. FULLER,
cocl6-7t

Surgeon U. S. Vols., in charge.

OFFICE ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, NASHVILLE, TENN., Oct. 11, 1865. NASHVILLE, TENN., OCt. 11, 1860.)

SALE OF GOVERNMENT WORK OXEN.

I will sell at Public Auction at the U.S. Corralls in
Nashville, Tevn., on MONDAY, the 23d day of October,
1865, til-ty-four head of Work Oxen.

These Oxen are in good condition, and fit for immediates e service. Sale to commence at 2 o'cleck, P. M. Terms, Cash, in overnment funds.

E. B. KIRK, Capt. & A. Q. M. Dop't of Tennessee

ARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.
Militare Division of the Tennessee, Chief Quartermaster's Office, U. S. Military Kaliroads, Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 23, 1865.
I will offer at public sale the following described property of the United States, viz:
On Tuesday, October 10th, 1865, at Johnsonville, Tenn., EIGHT BUILDINGS, ch as storehouses, mees and dwelling houses, etc On Thursday, Oct. ber 12th, 18e5. TWO HUNDRED BUILDINGS,

of different sizes, such as storshouses, mess and dwelling houses, stables, etc., situated in the vicinity of the Chat-tanos-a Depot, Nashville, Tenn. On Friday, October 20th, 1880, near the Chatfahooga Depot, Nashville, Tenn, sale continuing daily thereafter TWO THOUSAND TUNS OLD SCRAP IRON, FIVE MILES OLD STRAP RAILROAD IRON, BIGHT THOUSAND POUNDS SERAP BRASS AND COPPER.

On Wednesday, October 25th, 1865, continuing thereaf-

6 MILLION FEET OF ASSORTED LUMBER, more or less.) as follows:
1,400,000 eet Oak Bridge Lumber,
400,000 feet Pine Bridge Lumber,
1,832,000 feet Pok Bridge Lumber,
1,832,000 feet Pok Lumber—assorted,
1,000,000 feet Prest Lumber—assorted,
200,000 feet Pok Lumber—assorted,
200,000 feet Besch, Walnut, Hiskory, Ash, etc.,
To be so di in late of 50,00 feet or more to suit purch
400,000 shingles, (more or less.)
On Monday, October 30th, at Antioch, N. & C. R. E

och, N. & C. R. B., On Morday, October 30th, 1865, at amyrna, N. & C. R., at 4 o'clock P. M., ONE BUILDING. On Tuesday, October 31st, 1865, at Tullahoma ONE BUILDING. .

On Wednesday, November 1st, 1865, at Decherd, N. & C. TEN BUILDINGS, MESS HOUSE, ETC. On Thursday, November 2d, at Stevenson, M. & C.R.R., FOUR BUILDINGS

On Thursday, November 2d, 1865, at Shellmound, N. & J. R. E., at 4 o'clock P. M., ONE BUILDING. Ou Friday, November 3d, 1865, at Chattanooga, Tenn., 135 BUILDINGS,

ONE BUILDING.

more or less,) such as stor houses, mess and dwelling houses, offices, stables, etc.

A large proportion of the above mentioned buildings are substantial and well adapted for either dwellings or stores; at the same time the are so constructed that they can be readily removed if necessary.

As the land on which these buildings now stand does not belong to the Government, the right to r move them will be guaranteed for ten days from date of sale.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock each day, unless otherwise specified.

Any information desired with reference to the above property may be had upon application to Capf. S. R. Hamill, A. O. St., at Nashville, Tenn., or Capt. W. R. Hoplins, A. Q. M., c'hattanoogs, Tenn.

Te ms- Cash in Government funds.

F. J. CRILLLY,

F. J. CRILLY, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A. oc2 till oc25

ARGE SALE OF
GOVERNMENT HORSES AND MULES,
Upwards of 3600 animals to be so'd in the State of Kenucky. "flice of Chief meadquatters Department of Kentucky, "flice of Chief martermaster, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 13, 1855. Will be soid at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place named below, the following described AT BOWLING GREEN, KY., COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20, 1865,

550 Horses, more or less, 150 Mules, more or less. AT PADUCAH, KY., COMMENCING ON FRIDAY, SEPT. 29, 1865, 130 Horses, more or less, 70 Mules, more or less.

AT LEBANON, KY., COMMENCING ON WEDNES 75 Hørses, more or less, AT LEXINGTON, KY., COMMENCING ON FRI DAY, OCT. 6, 1865,

1250 Horses, wore or less, 200 Mules, more or less. AT COVINGTON, KY., COMMENCING ON MON-DAY, CCT. 23, 1865, 275 Horses, more or less, 60 Mules, more or less. AT CAMP NELSON, KY., COMMENCING ON

THURSDAY, OCT. 26, 1865, 500 Horses, more or less, 375 Mules, more or less. As these animals are nearly all perfectly sound and serviceable, and are only sold because the army no longer requires their use, a rare opportunity is offered to farmers and stock deakers to purchase a superior class of animals at much less than their real value. Animals will be sold singly. The sale commence at each place at 9 o'clock A. M., and continue from day to day until all art disposed of Terms—Cash in United States currency, and the animals to be removed immunedialy by the purchaser.

By order of the Quartermaster General.

MENRY HOW BAND, seld-toc?9 Col. and Chief Q. M. Dept. of Ky.

SALE OF GOVEVENMENT MULES.
Office Assistant Quartermaster, Nashville, Tenn., ctober 5th, 1865.

I will offer f r sale at public auction at the Government orrals in Nashvi le, Tennessee, on MONDAY, OCTOBER Seven Hundred Government Mules. These mules are all large sized, in good condition, and free from disease, most of them having been used in the transportation of the detect.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M., October 23, 1885, and continue daily until the stock is all sold.

Terms - Casi in Government funds.

By order of Col A. J. MACKAY, Chief Q. M. Department of Expresses.

Captain and A. Q. M. BREWERY.

AND BEER WM. PADDON & SON BREWERS OF PURE

XX AND XXX. Pale, Amber, Stock and Bitter ALES AND BEER. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO SHIPMENTS. CITY BREWERY SIXTH ST., WEST SIDE, BET, MAIN & WAT

LOUISVILLE, KY.

SHEETINGS—
100 bales 4-4 Augusta Sheeting;
100 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
100 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
101 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
102 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
103 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
104 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
105 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
106 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
107 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
108 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
108 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
109 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
109 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
109 bales 7-8 Augusta Sheeting;
100 bales 7-8 Augus

PROFESSIONAL.

W. T. WARD, Late Brev. Maj. Gen. U. S. V. Late Col. 27th by. Inf.

WARD & SON,

Quartermaster General's Office, Washington, October 12, 1865.

The following named boats and barges will be sold at public auction, as follows:
At Louisville, Ky., Saturday, October 28th, at 100 clock
A. M., the steamboats Ohio and T. D. Herner;
Eight Model Barges, and Barges;
Lying at 1 ourisville and New Albany, Ind.
At Evansville, Ind., Thesday, October 31st, at 100 clock
A. M., the steamboat Luc Eaves;
Six Model Barges, and
Boar Gunwale Barges, and
Eour Gunwale Barges, and
Control of the Property of the Standard Control of t

LOUISVILLE, KY.

RESIDENCES. T. J. SWAN, J. A. LARRABEE 436 Preston street. Preston street, near Lion Garden. Families attended by the year on reasonable

E. RUMSEY WING,

Attorney at Law. TET ILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE CITY AND STATE Business from the city and throughout the State is re-

Office on Center St., opposite Court-house. REFERENCES. Judge George Robertsov, Lexington, Ky.
Gen. John B. Huston.
Hon. Archie Dixon, Henderson, Ky.
Hon. Geo. H. Yeaman, Owensboro, Ky.
Hon. Geo. H. Yeaman, Owensboro, Ky.
Hon. Joshua F. Bell, Danville, Ky.

8e23-1m

DR. F. H. GIBSON

GIVES SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE TREAT-cer, Scrodial, Ulcer, squae and Fevers and Searalgie, etc. Best refere ces given. If you are suffring with any of the above Diseases. Apply or address him at his office, Jefferson street, between Second and I hird, konfe-ville, Ky.

A. M. SIOUT.

(Late Col. 17th Regt. Ky. Vol. Inf.) Attorney at Law, LOUISVILLE, KY., TAS RETURNED TO THE PRACTICE OF HIS PROP fession, and will practice in all the Federal, Military
and State Courts held in the city and prosecute claims
against the United States. Office in the Law School
Haliding in Court Place near the Court House. juld-tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. H. BURKHARDT.

Wholesale Grocer

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

180 Main St., bet. Fifth and Sixth, CONSINGMENTS SOLICITED. ABNER COOPER.

COMMISSION MERCHANT Butter, Cheese and Western Produce, Re. 314, Mala, between Third and Fearthets. (IASH raid for Feathers, Land, White Beans, Dried Fruits, Cineses and Because. ***O'Crists for any goods in the city prointily filled, mid to

J. M. DAVIS & CO.,

Commission Merchants OCERIES, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,

627 Main St., between Sixth and Seventh, ROUISVIELE, MY. DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.

GENERAL Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Mo. 428 Main Street,

A GENTS for different branch of Fing Tobacco, Floor, A Haw and Eparbor Whish; also the Charippene and sparkling Canada Wines. J. C. RODGERS & CO., GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, BUTTER, CHEESE, EGG,S Balt and Coal. No. 230 Main Street, bot. Second and Third LOUISVILLE, KY.

Refer by Permission to M. M. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier First National Pank.
J. B. Smru, Vice President Foard of Trade.
Dr. D. J. Geiffiths, Examining Surgoon U. S. Army.

133' if

GEO. W. WICKS,

(Successor to Neck, Wicks & Co.) TOBACCO AGENT General Commission Merchant,

No. 315 Mainet., bet. Third and Fourth, LOUISVILLE, KY. COTTON GOLD PENS.

MANUFACTORY. The only House that Manufactures Pens

South of the Ohio River. Please Call and Satisfy Yourselves.



FLOUR. John A. Meyer,

FLOUR DE-ILER,

No. 88 FIFTH ST., BET. MAIN AND MARKET. H OPES BY CLOSE ATTENTION TO BUSINESS TO merit the patronage of the public, se25-tf

CLAIM ACENCY.

160 ACRES OF LAND FOR \$20. A L. UNION SOLDINES, BY CALLING ON MR. B. F. HAM, at his office, No. 523 Sixth street, Louisvillo, and pay \$20, will yet in return a title to 160 acres of first rate land, free from taxes for five years. General Agent for Military Bomesteads

DECOMS—

25 dezen Shaker Brooms,
59 dezen plain and fancy Brooms,
For sale by
A. H. & W. O. GARDNER,
104 Main stree

LOUISVILLE SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1865.

News of the Day.

Judge Advocate Chipman will continue his argument in the Wirz trial to-day, when the case will be submitted to the Commis-

The trial of Emerson Etheridge closed yesterday. He submitted his case without argument, and is said to be confident of an

The North Carolina Convention decided to submit the ordinance abolishing slavery to a vote of the people. The Convention, after adjournment, will meet again next

It is stated that numerous appeals have been made to the authorities at Washington, by the Union people of Mississippi, to have the military retained in that State. The disorders in the State are becoming fearful evils.

Jeff. Davis, through his counsel, has made a request that he be given an immediate trial. He says he has no fears for the re-

Champ Ferguson, the notorious outlaw, was executed at Nashville yesterday. He exhibited great firmness on the scaffold. He denied the correctness of several of its charges and specifications against him. A portion of the address of Judge Reagan,

A portion of the address of Judge Reagan, Postmaster General of the late Confederacy, to the people of Texas, which will be found on the outside page of this morning's Press, will be read with interest. The sentence of Gen. E. A. Paine, tried at Paducah for unofficer-like conduct, has just been promulgated. It involved noth-

ing more serious than a reprimand, and that has been remitted by the President. Medals of honor are ready at the Navy Department for delivery to fifteen petry officers, for gallant and meritorious conduct while serving on the United States steam-Richmond, in the action in Mobile Bay, August 5, 1865.

Hon. Wm. Orton, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has resigned, to accept the position of President of the United States Telegraph Company. It is probable that E. A. Rollins, of New Hampshire, Deputy Commissioner, will succeed Mr. Orton in the Commissionership.

An interesting suit for damages has been tried at Boston, in which Dr. H. I. Bowd itch, late Examining Surgeon for the Fourth District, was made defendant, for branding a recruit with the letter "D" on the breast The damages were laid at \$10,000, and although the jury were agreed to pay something they differed so widely upon the amount that the Court discharged them.

Joe Davis, brother of Jeff. Davis, has written an important letter to an officer of the Freedmen's Bureau, of the State of Missis-sippi, in which he demands the restoration of not only his own but his brother's property on the Mississippi river, which is now profitably cultivated, as it has been for two years past, by a colony of freedmen.

The Titusville Herald, Pa., says an ex perienced Colorado miner has discovered in a spur of the Allegheny Mountains, about rty miles west of that place, an extensive lode of gold-bearing quartz, specimens of which have been sent to New York for analysis, and which are said to contain, for surface specimens, a fair per centage of gold. Some excitement has already been produced by the discovery.

The Colorado Republican Convention on the 26th nominated Wm. Gilpin for Govern-or, and E. M. Chi-cott for Congress. The State having adopted a constitution, application will be made this winter for admis sion into the Union. The Convention adopted a resolution asking that Colorado be made a separate department, and a good Indian fighter be placed in command.

Gen. Sweeney made his appearance in the Fenian Congress on Wednesday, and was enthusiastically received. A resolution was adopted forbidding members making notes of the proceedings, and ordering all such notes to be destroyed, that nothing be made public that should not be. A com mittee was appointed to make a condensed report of the proceedings for the press.

The Vermillionville (La.) Advertiser of the 30th ult. has the following: We saw a gentleman who informed us that during the storm, which swept the Gulf coast of the 30th of September, the buildings at Cal-casieu Pass were all destroyed but one, and all the people were drowned except one man, who saved himself by getting on top of a house. There were twenty-four lives lost. At Sabinetown everything was swept away, and the residents to the number of sixty-one were downed. The water rose twenty feet above the surface of the ground

A Washington correspondent writes: The election in Pennsylvania. Ohio and Iowa have strengthened the Republican party organization wonderfully. One can see it in official circles in an instant. Before these elections there was apparently an idea that the old parties were about to dissolve, and office-holders were looking round to see where to range themselves. The most of them in their anxiety clung to the President. Some of them said: "We belong to the Johnson party!" meaning that so long as Andy Johnson was President they wanted office from him. Since the elections in the States named there is such a thing as Papabilizen sanitment at the Capital. Officer. office-holders were looking round to Republican sentiment at the Capital, Office holders begin again to talk of 'the party' and certain principles which used to be defended. So far as I can learn the President

THE REBEL SURRENDER.

We clip the following from the Augusta Constitutionalist. It is copied into that paper, with very emphatic approval, under the caption, "true, every word of it:"

When the dread alternative of Union was forced upon our people by the fortunes of war, they accepted it not cheerfully and readily, but because they could not help themselves. Any man that accepted the terms of our conquerors otherwise is a hypocrite. No man could have done it cheerfully who ever fired a musket or wielded a word in defense of Southern soil; and no ditor could have been ready to accept them who was honest in his opinions—who for four years preached war to the death, rather than submit-who branded all who hinted at submission as cowards and traitors. The man who fought against the United States, and now declares himself as having always been a Union man, is unworthy the confi-dence and respect of anybody; and the editor who could sit in his sanctum and indite inflammatory leaders against the rapa-cious foc, and claims also to have been for the Union, is too base and contemptible to be respected even by himself.

Our Northern precipitators and conciliators are wont to deny very stoutly such allegations as this respecting the manner of submission of the rebel populations, whenever they appear in radical journals. What will they say to the like from a "reconstructed 'source? We agree with the Constitutionalist that the above is true. And there is a vigorous sincerity about it which is refreshing. But meantime we cannot help asking thoughtful men whether the spirit evinced, and the facts avowed in this paragraph are such as encourage and justify the immediate restoration to political power of a people manifesting the same?

The charity that is ready for such monstrons concessions is stark madness or rank scoundrelism. The men who acknowledge so frankly that they have surrendered on "rapacious foe" to.

· DANGERS AHEAD.

Department yesterday, the curtain falling on the expulsion of Governor Pierpont, of Virginia, by Hon. Freeman H. Clark, Comptroller of Currency. It appears that Governor Pierpont, in visiting the office of Mr. Clark, took occasion to give a profanely emphatic expression on our national policy, denouncing the Government in un-measured terms, for expecting that the Southern people would tamely submit to taxation for the payment of the public debt.

KENTUCKY A FREE STATE: His conduct at last became so indecorous and violent that it passed the bounds of tolration, and Mr. Clark peremptorily order ed him to leave the office. He replied to the order by slowly retreating to the door, the knob of which he retained for a moment in thinking discretion the better part of valor,

complied with the order. If this were simply a piece of isolated folly and impertinence on the part of Governor Pierpont, with no political or representative significance, it would not deserve

special comment. But it has significance. Human nature and current events furnish only too solid a basis for the conviction that the determination will be general on the part of Southern politicians to resist paying or assisting to pay the cost of their own subjugation. The Southern press is ominously silent on the subject, where indeed it does not express imilar sentiments to those reported above. The Southern conventions pass informal resolutions, declarative of doctrines and be lief on other topics, but avoid this with finger on their lips. The usual machinery for political spouting is once more in pretty fair running order in the South, but nobody spouts a line or a word in behalf of the national credit.

The Democracy of Louisiana, embolden ed by President Johnson's magnanimity, which they mistake for political treachery, and a symptom of the general slump of national virtue, have resolved to demand compensation for losses incurred during the war by the direct acts of the Government, and especially for the loss of slave property. Universal amnesty, now every where anticipated in the South, would or course insure the political triumph of this party, if indeed its triumph be not already sured, both in Louisiana and in every other rebel State. And asking such enormous concessions as this is equivalent, of course, to a preliminary warning of a forthcoming policy of repudiation. No politica leader anywhere in the land can seriously cherish the expectation that the Govern ment will ever consider for one moment any such proposition as the Louisiana Democrats make on this point.

The presence of some sther motive, the stimulus of some other hope than compen sation for losses, was very certainly the occasion of that resolve. It is some months since shrewd politicians of the North warned the country that the first step to wards repudiation of the national debt by the South, in case of immediate restoration to power, would be a demand for the value of their liberated slaves. The Louisiana Democrats already feel safe enough in this matter of regaining power to play the first

The development of "reconstruction" prospects will determine the greater or less promptness with which their example will be followed in the other rebel States. By : sufficient blather about the injustice of the Government in refusing to pay for private property taken or destroyed during the war, these jugglers hope to prepare the way for kening upanimous resistance to the additional injustice of compelling the muchenduring and unhappy South to pay the

est of its own overthrow. It is significant in this connection how almost unanimous the rebel people are in the sense of perfect affiliation with that faction in the North which is as ready as Governor Pierpont himself for repudiation.

If patriots fail to see and to heed these signs of impending mischief, confusion and dishonor to the nation, it is their own fault. The means of prevention are still in patriotic hands. Let the test cath be adhered to, and let the Southern States be held in abeyance until "irreversible guarrantees" are secured. If these things are chaos to its finances will come like the swoop of a vulture.

RECONSTRUCTED UNIONISM.

It is curious, and not without instructive warning to notice the inveterate tenacity of State Sovereignty faith in the South-the inability of Southern politicians to see any thing but a huge conglomerate of sovereign ties, shapeless and without individuality of its own, in the structure of this Republic. A recent discussion between the New York Times and Post on the grammatical propriety of connecting a plural verb with the term "United States" gives rise to the following comments by the Augusta Constitutionalist:

Of course the Times is right, since "the United States' is not the name of a power in the same sense as "France" or "Russia," or 'Spain' is, but a compound term, made up of a plural noun, which stands for certain political autonomies, and an adjective, deoting the governmental relation in which tes stand as regards each other and he world at large.

The recognition of the individual sovereignty of these "political autonomies," and the denial of independent sovereignty to the United States is very explicit here. The writers adds that "light at last seems to be coming out of darkness," when journals of curacy of a plural yerb, in the case in ques-

And he deduces the following rather

Since the Times goes so far, however, it would not be amiss perhaps, for it, and other journals of its own stripe, to go one step further and ask itself this question, if in 1861 thir y-two States were the United States—and, e converso, the United States were thirty-two States, neither more or less—how a fight between nineteen of those States on one side and twelve on the other, could, in reality, be treason by those twelve against the United States—that is against the whole thirty-two States. When it can be made to appear that these twelve States made war on themselves as well as the ther nineteen, it will of course be evident they made war on the United States—that is the (thirty-two) States United. Till then, however, it will only be, in the eye of impartial justice, a contest—to put it arithmetically—of 12-32 against 19-32—to put it polically—not a rebellion but a civil war.

This is the doctrine, pure and simple, on which the assumed legal validity of secession was based. If it be correct, the ninecompulsion to a "rapacious foe" and de- teen conquering States are guilty of the nounce with such bitterness all who claim same enormous crime which we are wont upper part of the city, some weeks ago. to have accepted the "dread alternative" to ascribe to the twelve conquered ones. cheerfully, whatever the degree of clemen- They are, in short, the guilty party, and cy that may rightfully and properly be ac- the unavoidable inference is that they corded them, are certainly unsafe persons should begin with all humility and dilito entrust the governmental affairs of the gence to make every reparation that is now possible. It is distinctly implied here that | doing finely.

The statement that appeared in our telegraphic columns respecting the Pierpont United States authority exists within its his many crimes yesterday. It will be re- placed in a box. It will be delivered to his episode at the Treasury Department a day domain. Of course it has a right to do membered that Magruder was arrested mother. She will have it interred in a or two since, seems to be confirmed. We what it pleases with what is so utterly and near Brandenburg on the 12th of March, by grave-yard in Marion county. give it again according to the version of the absolutely its own. And of course no State a detachment of the 30th Wisconsin. At

Cincinnati Gazette's special correspondent: can rebel against the United States any the time of his capture he was suffering allegiance.

Yet this editor regards himself as a good 'reconstructed'' Union man, and thinks be has surrendered without reservation all

The suspense is over. Truth, right, liberty, loyalty, and humanity prevail. The controversy between Gen. Palmer and the dying slave power of Kentucky, as our readers are aware, was referred to Major order to still further define his position. He was again directed to leave the room, and Gen. Thomas for final decision and adjust ment. That able, just, and accomplished officer telegraphed General Palmer from policy, and his decisions respecting the virnegroes of Kentucky as freemen without stocks, let all such howl! Let patriots rejoice! And the persecuted negro sing hosannas to the Lord!

CITY AND GENERAL NEWS.

MORE SHOCKING REVELATIONS FROM Andersonville.-In the Andersonville prison cemetery are buried, according to the report of Lieutenant Colonel A. C. Hamlin, Medical Inspector, United States Army, a greater number of men than all the British soldiers put together, who perished on the bloody fields of the Crimea, Waterloo, Salamanca to Albucra, Vittoria and New Orleans. The tables of statistics give the amount of food produced by the surrounding country, showing it to have been amply sufficient for supplying all the necessities existing at the prison. The density of the population is compared with camps Ancient and Modern, and the ratio of mortality as compared with the prisons and hospitals of Europe, showing it to have been enormously excessive. Many of the photographic views which accompany this report were taken by the rebels themselves, when they were gloating over the mortality and sufferings of the prison-

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS .- There was an adjourned meeting of the Council last night. There was very little business of mportance transacted. A resolution suing up and paving of Brook street, from Main to the river passed both boards. At ten o'clock both boards met in joint session when James Kirkpatrick was unanimously elected keeper of the workhouse. George Jonas was elected Interpreter in the Police Court.

The following regular policemen were elected: Tom Foreman, James Moffett and Wm. Battman.

ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING .- Thursday night through thick boards and entering his left side and lodging in his shoulder. Dr. Vaughn was called in, and extracted the ball. The wound is severe but not dangerous.

ABDICATION .- Hirschbuhl, the veteran Jeweler, has abdicated in favor of Dickel & Hooge, who will continue business at the old stand. Mr. Dickel has been in the establishment a number of years, winning for himself the unlimited confidence of his employer, and great popularity with the patrons of the house. They deal in Masonic Regalias, jewels, &c., as well as watches not done, ruin to the nation's credit and and clocks. Read their advertisement and give them a call.

THE CIRCUS.-All the little folks will remember that the proprietors of the Circus have arranged a grand matinee for them this afternoon at two o'clock. The comic pantomime of Jack the Giant Killer, will be presented. To-night will close the perform. ances in this city. We advise all to go and enjoy the fun.

Wood's THEATER.-There was a large rowd at Wood's Theater last night. The French Spy was very well played by M'lle Zavistowski. Julia Nelson as Aladdin was immense. Now that we have fine weather her charming acting, and the beautiful dancing of the Zavistowski Troupe are being appreciated.

A swindler has been operating in Cincinnati, using the name of William Ward, and representing himself as the son of the late Col. R. J. Ward. He came to grief. Silas Miller kicked him out of the Burnett House, and the police arrested

William White, a desperate character in the lower part of the city, having nothing to do, and desiring a little innocent the Times stripe affirm the grammatical acshamefully. White was arrested by officer

> Officers Metz and Antle found a colored man, named Robert Carr, cavorting around the city with a pair of pants and a pair of boots, belonging to Mr. Wiley, in the lower end of the city. The officers arrested Carr and carried him to jail.

ARRAH NA POGUE.-We have consider able anxiety to see this piece. Mr. McDonough, through his agent, Mr. Eddie Bauer, is making arrangements to present it in have a successful run. Divine services at the Market street

M. E. Church to-morrow, (Sunday), at 11 M. The public are respectfully invited to attend. Seats free.

and as a part of its own power whatever of Magruder, the guerrilla, paid the penalty of twelve minutes the body was cut down and Quite a scene occurred at the Treasury more than Canada or Mexico can. And from a severe wound, which he had received Bazan was never written for a female to there is obviously nothing but State goy- a few days previous in a fight with some impersonate. It is contrary to the nature ernments to which individuals owe supreme Federal soldiers. He was confined to his of woman to represent the cool, dashing, bed for about five months, and was only gay cavalier. A number of actresses who pronounced convalescent on the 1st of Sep- have failed in their legitimate roles have tember. After his arrest hundreds of peo- essayed the character with the hope that ple in the State came up and made charges the novelty would cover their faults. Most against him. A military Commission was of them have disappeared however. It is

> Charge 1st-Being a guerrilla. Charge 2d-Murder.

Under this head there were seventeen were that Magruder was present with Sue Mundy and with malice aforethought did Washington yesterday, that all his acts, his kill James Engle, Charles Barnett, Jacob Winstead and Joseph Barnett. This murtual overthrow of slavery in the State are der was committed at the Lebanon Juncto be sustained! The General is ordered to lion on the 8th of January. The fifth and go on in the path he has chosen, to treat the sixth specifications were that he was present and aided in the murder of Surgeon discrimination. Nothing could be more Shirk, of a Pennsylvania cavalry regiment, welcome to the Union men of the State and Capt; R. McCormick of the 9th Ind., cavthan this glorious news. Let rebels and alry. This murder was committed near pro-slavery Unionists, and political brokers | Bardstown, on the 29th of December. Surmanipulating Senatorial and Gubernatorial geon Shirk and Captain McCormick were visiting some friends, when the guerrilla party came up and niurdered them. The seventh specification charged him with the murder of Edward Caldwell, in Bullitt county, on the 5th of January. The eighth specification charged him with the murder of Frank Crady, a soldier, in Larue sounty, on the 17th of November, 1864. Magrude pleaded not guilty to all the charges. When the trial was about to take place, he sent for General Whitaker, and told him he was without money and without friends, and asked that he would defend him. The General entered into the case earnestly, and labored hard for his client. The Commismission, after hearing all the evidence, and the arguments of General Whitaker for the prisoner, and Colonel Coyle for the prosecution, found Magruder guilty and sentenced him to be hung, The proceedings and findings were approved, and the execution ordered. The prisoner was informed of the result about eight days ago, and told to make his preparations. He expressed no surprise at the result, and commenced his preparations.

THE PRISONER.

Henry C. Magruder was a very young man only about twenty-two years of age. His father died some years ago, leaving him the support of a widowed mother and sister. During the excitement of 1861, Magruder, like thousands of other young men in our State, was led off by the plausible stories of troduced by Judge Sampson, was adopted the wily leaders of secession in Kentucky. by a vote of 52 to 45: thorizing the Mayor to contract for the fill- Being of sanguine temperament he was soon enthusiastic in the fatal cause he had

espoused. He joined the forces of Buckner free, in the spirit of levalty to the Head of at Muldrengt's Hill and was with that at Muldraugh's Hill, and was with that General at Fort Donelson, but made his deliverance touching some of the recent escape after the surrender. He was then acts of the General Assembly, and in regard elected as one of Albert Sidney Johnson's to the late act of the Presbytery of Louis body-guard and was with him at the battle of Shiloh. After the death of Johnson, Magruder cast his fortunes with John Morgan, Strategies of the last General Assembly on overtures Nos. 6 and 7 and resolution of Nos. 6 and 7 and and was with him in all his raids, escaping the Missions, in the judgment of this Synod when Morgan's forces were dispersed at are unwise, as tending to destroy the peace. Buffington. After that disaster he returned and harmony of the Church, and in some ne of the 125th colored troops, doing guard to Kentucky and joined a guerrilla band.

duty near the corner of First and Washing- He soon made himself conspicuous and ton streets, was accidentally shot. He had was recognized as a leader. His career in times, will review and correct those deliv just been relieved from duty, and had went this State is known to almost every one. erances into the house where the guard is quarter- For a time his name was a terror throughed. He laid his gun on the bed and went out the whole State. He contended that into another room. By some means the his whole action was guided by what he gun was discharged, the ball passing conceived to be his duty, and that he acted not with malevolence, but as a Confederate soldier.

His mother, with two of his aunts and two cousins, arrived in the city the first of the week and visited him. The interview with his mother on Thursday was particularly affecting. Yesterday morning all of his relatives visited him and spent most of the forenoon. He was in good spirits, and conversed in a lively manner. They left him about noon, taking a final leave. His mother was much affected, but Magruder was calm and collected. He bade her a cheerful good-bye, and asked her to bear it bravely. About one o'clock the troops composing the garrison at the prison were called out, and all the preparations for the execution completed. A good many visitors were present, and every available place contiguous to the prison crowded with peo ple anxious to see a fellow-mortal hurled into eternity.

THE EXECUTION.

At twenty-five minutes past three o'clock Magruder was told that his time had arrived. He remarked: "It is hard, but I reckon it is fair." He had up to this time expected a respite. He soon dressed himself and announced that ne was ready. He was dressed in mixed woollen pantalcons, with a jacket usually worn by guerrillas, trimmed with gold lace.

At half-past three o'clock the prisoner an peared with a cigar in his mouth, his right arm thrown familiarly over the shoulder of of the Presby erian Church. General Whittaker. He walked with a firm step, and ascended the scaffold with a the action of the Louisville Presbytery then light, graceful air. There was no sign of came up for hearing. After a stormy time, fear visible, nor was there any of the bra- a resolution, introduced by Mr. Hayes, that vado of the hardened criminal. It was the las the session of the Synod had been so look of a man who knew no fear. A faint | protracted, the further consideration of this shudder was perceptible as he gianced at subject be postponed till the next meeting the fatal noose, but it was momentary. Captain Neale, of the 18th Regulars, proceeded to read the charges and specifications, but the prisoner seemed not to heed unoffending man yesterday, and beat him them. With a faint smile he gazed at the General Assembly. troops around the scaffold, and then, with a sweeping glance, looked at the large crowd on the different house-tops. Again he would look back at the dismal prison he had just left, and from which his fellowhad just left, and from which his fellow-prisoners, some of them under sentence of sidered the first preparation of its kind in the market. death, were gazing. Glancing up, he took Its guarantees are the written testimonials of the most one lingering look at the sun, which was shining brightly upon him for the last time. A shade of sorrow seemed to pass or liver disase are invited to try the article. over his features. When the reading of the sentence was concluded, he threw his arm affectionately around Father Brady, his splendid style next week. We think it will spiritual adviser, and asked him to see that his body was sent home for interment. When asked if he had anything to say, he replied "not a word." He then stepped back upon the trap, when his arms and legs were bound. A. M. and 71/2 P. M. Sabbath School at 9 A. He coolly glanced down, and requested that he would be carefully fixed. When the fatal noose was being placed around his neck he bent his head forward to aid in the

each State holds within itself, so to speak, EXECUTION OF MAGRUDER.-Henry C. minutes he was dead. After hanging

Louisville Theater.-Don Cæzar de convened in this city on the 13th of Sep- a fact that few actors have presented it with tember, and the prisoner was arraigned for success and many have attempted it. We trial on the following charges and specifica- think that Miss Hudson presented it as acceptably last night as any female has ever done. The play was very well cast, and went off tolerably well. Some fault could be found with the singing, but as the leadspecifications. The four first specifications ing vocalist was laboring under a very severe cold, it would hardly be fair to find fault. As Amelia in the "Young Widow" Miss Hudson did very well. We were glad to see so large an audience present To-night we have the Lonely Man of the Ocean and Jack Sheppard-a good bill.

> POLICE COURT-Friday, October 20 .-Phil. Hartman, assaulting Thos. King; continued until to-morrow.

The following persons were fined for drunkenness and disorderly conduct: Chas. Letterle, \$15; Wm. Mcore, \$7; Bridget Cahill, \$3 and \$200 for thirty days. Jacob Klett was fined \$5 for obstructing

Brook street. Richard Howard, f. b. c., disorderly conduct; discharged.

Jno. Saffer, stealing \$7 from John Wahl; continued until to-morrow. Drury Bush, killing Geo, Cain; continued

until Monday morning. Wm. Williams, alias Haman, horse steal ing: discharged, there being no witnesses. George Fitz, stealing \$19 from Valentine Lester; continued until to-morrow morn-

Man. Adam Arnold was arrested by offieers Cave and Burke vesterday, for cruelly beating Aleck Borehn, in the lower part of the city.

Man.Officer Leonard vesterday arrested Louisa Ann Gaines, for stealing a dress from a residence at the corner of Twelfth and Chestnut streets.

Officer Shindler arrested T. M. White yesterday, for stealing a pistol.

Presbyterian Synod of Kentucky.

The Synod, having published its busiess, adjourned at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. As a compromise between the testifiers and those who sustain the action of the General Assembly on the questions of loyalty and slavery, the following paper, in

This Synod, in the exercise of that free dom with which Christ makes his people over us in the Lord, makes the following

of their provisions unconstitutional and unscriptural; and we indulge the hope and belief that the General Assembly, in calm 2. Whilst the Synod, thus in firm but re-

spectful terms, expresses disapprobation of these acts, it is also the judgment of the Synod that neither those acts nor the deliverances of the General Assembly on the tate of the country made in the years 1861 862, 1863, and 1864, nor any or all of them stify a withdrawal from our connection with the General Assembly, and we hereagain assert we will adhere with unbroken burpose to the Presbyterian Church of the United States, and will oppose every effor to interrupt our ecclesiastical relations with the General Assembly, or to produce schis or division on the ground of said acts and

deliverances.

The Synod having caused a certain paper styled the "Declaration and Testimony," lately adopted by the Presbytery of Louis-ville, to be read in its hearing, carefully considered the same, duly expresses its disapprobation of the terms of this paper, and of the spirit and intent indicated on its face as looking to the futher agitation of the church, if not its division at a time reat mutual ferbearance is called for among brethren, to the end that we may have quietness and repose; wherefore, the Synod enjoins on the Presbytery of Louisville in particular, and upon the Presbyte ries and churches, minisiers and people subject to it in the Lord, to forbear what ever tends to disturbance and alienation, "beseeching them by the name of our Lord esus Christ that they all speak the same thing, and that there be no divisions among them, but that they be perfectly

joined together in the same mind and in the same judgment." Finally, this Synod earnestly recommends to all under its charge to study all "things which make for peace," and exercise great mutual forbearance toward each other, and to "keep the amity of the spirit in the bond of peace," prayerfully trusting that in the good Providence of God a way may be opened for a reunion under the General Assembly of all who profess the faith and adhere to the standard and love the order

The complaint of Mr. McMillan agains of the Synod, was adopted by a vote of 37 to 19.

Dr. R. J. Breckinridge gave notice of his intention to carry the matter before the

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ONE COD LIVER OIL OF PERFECT PURITY EXISTS .- It anufactured by John C. Baker & Co., No. 718 Market eminent physicians in America. They are open to the public at the manufactory. Consumptives and all who suffer from coughs, colds, bronchitis, trachitis, scrofula,

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning a d Inruction for Young Men, just published by the Howard Association, and sent in scaled letter envelop s fr charge. Addres, DR J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Mssay of Warning and In ruction for Young Men; also, new and reliable treat-tent for the Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems. Sent free in sealed envelopes. Address Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, Philade phia, Pa.

Drury Bush was arrested by officer Jesse Hammond, charged with being concerned in the murder of George Cain, in the upper part of the city, some weeks ago.

We would call the attention of our citizens and the public to the advertisement of the Columbia Oil Company in another column. The wells of this company are doing finely.

A Card to 'Nyalids.—A clergyman, while residing in process. Not a muscle moved. There was no sign of weakness. The white cap was placed over his face, and the attendants left the scaffold. At ten minutes to four o'clock the drop fell, and Henry Magruder was daugling in the air, the yictim of men who "fired the Southern heart." The fall did not break his neck, but he died easy, making very few struggles. In five A CARD TO INVALIDS.-A clergyman, while residing in making very few struggles. In five | sc9-tf

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

REMOVAL.

HAVE REMOVED MY MUSIC STORE FROM Fourth to Nos. 92 and 94. south side of JEFFER SON STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH, third door below Third Street, when I hope to see all of my old friends and patrons, and mak

many more new ones.

LOUIS TRIPP, (Late TRIPP & CRACG,)

MACAZINE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK

FOR 1886.

THE

Fashion Magazine of the World. Season of 1865 and 1866. ITERATURE, FINE ARTS AND FASHIONS. THE amost magnificent Steel engr-vings. Double Fashion Layes. Wood engravi as on every subject that can inverse tade a. Grochet Knitting, Netting, Embroidery tritles for the Toilet, for the Parior, the Bondoir auch Knitchen. Everything, in fact, to make a complete Anny's Boost.

The Ladies' Favorite for 36 Years.

No Magazine has been able to compete with it. No

GODEY'S RECEIPTS erevery department of a household. These alone are orth the price of the Book. MODEL COTTAGES, (no other Magazine gives them), ith dearmas. DRAWING LESSONS FOR THE YOUNG. Another oRIGINAL MUSIC, worth \$2 a year. Other Maga-nes publish old worn-out music; but the subscribers to dev get it before the music stores.

GARDENING FOR LADIES. Another poculiarit i h Godey.

Fashions from Nessrs. A. T. Siewart & Co., of New lork, the militonaire merchants, appear in Godey, the on- s Masaza he that has them Ladies' Bonnets. We give more of them in a year than hay other Manazine. In fact, the Lady's Boos enables very lady to be her own boonet maker.

MARION HARLAND,

athoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side, rrites for Godey each month, and for no other magazin new novel by her will be published in 1865. We have lso retained all our old and favorite contributors.

TERMS OF

Godey's Lady's Book for 1866.

(From which there can be no deviation.) The following are the terms of the Lady's Book for 186

aper. F THE CLUBS.

EST Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for each subscriber. Addres

L. A. GODEY. N. E. corner Sixth and Chesinut streets PHILADESPHIA.

OIL COMPANIES. THE COLUMBIA OIL COMP'Y

of Kentucky. (Incorporated by the Legislature of Kentucky, Jan. 1865) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

OFFICERS.

Hon. B. S. Coffey, President; W. A. Klessendorff, Sectory; A. O. Durland, Tressurer. Capital, \$500,000. (Par Value, Twenty-five Dollars per Share.)

CAPITAL. 'The Capital Stock of the Company is Five Hundre housand Dollars, divided into twenty thousand share it the par value of twenty-five dollars ea.h.

PROPERTY OF THE COMPANY. The property owied by the Company, and which cititutes its capital, comprises one thousand nine hand and forty-four acres of land, situated near the Cumb and river, in Russell and Wayne counties, Kentucky.

IN FEE SIMPLE,

There are six tracts owned in fee simple, emb There are six tracts owned in fee simple, embracing thre buncred and therefarland's branch of Cany Fork of Wolf Creek, near the Camberland river.

There are four tracts of eight hundred and thirty-six acree, situated on Wolf creek and its bracches in Russell county, within a short distance of the Comberland river. There are two tracts of seven hundred and saven y-five acres situated on the Comberland river and on Otter Creek, Warne county, Ky., within a few miles of the Cumberland river.

It is the intention of the Company to increase the amount of lands to 2,500 acres, and develop every tract at once. the lands now owned and held by the Company are confidently believed to present as favorable prospects or arge yields of petroleum as those in any section of the Interested of petroleum as those in any section of the State.

They are signated about fourteen miles above the flow-log wells on Crocus creek and withing a short distance of a well recently struck near Creelaboro, on the Cumberland river, in Russell county.

The Commany has two wells, one of which is being tested at the depth of one hundred and seventy feet, with a smill but a gradually increasing yield of oil. The ther well is being bored, and has already met with very flattering prospects of suce sa.

The operations of the Company are under the resonal supervision of the President, with competent and experienced men as a systematic, who have every confidence in the success of their clorts.

There are a number of shares of stock of this Company or sale at — per share, and purchasers are not liable to further assessment.

Apply to the SECREFARY, at the office of J. T. Boyle, No. 7 Hamilton suilding, corner of Sixth and Hain stree s, where maps can be seen.

NEWSPAPER.

THE LOUISVILLE COURIER. THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO THE lic that it is his intention to resume the publication of a DAILY and WEEKLY NEWSPAPER in this city as soon as the necessary presses, machinery and types can be procured from New York, which will probably be by the middle of the coming month, November. Fo soon as a -utiable office is secured, and other neces-sary arrangements are made, a Prospectus will be issued. the meantime it may be proper to say that no labo nergy or means will be spared to make the CURIER a irst-class News and Commercial Journal—a fit repre-

The terms f r subscription and advertising will be made correspond with the rates charged by the other city papers W. N. HALDEMAN.

ents ive in every way of this prosperous and growing

CIFTS. GIFTS! GIFTS GIFTS! 10,000 GIFTS: CALL AND RECEIVE A GIFT!

A. TELLEZ & CO., DEALEGS IN AMERICAN AND IMPORTED PATRIotic, Historical and Miscellaneous Pictures, Photographe, Albums; Oval and Square Gilt, Rosewood and Black Walbut rames. Sole Agouts for George E. Perire's and William Sartain's FINE STEWL ENGRAY.

1.4GS.

No. 3 East Jefferson street.

ASTROLOGY.

SINGLE LADIES AND GENTS, OU HAVE NOW AN OPPORT

the date of the marriage. Address, enclosing fifty cen and red stamp, JENNY LORINI, Drawer 408, Detroi Mich.

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theater.

...Acting and Stage Maca or

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21. TWO GRAND PEBFOR-ances to-day-afternoon and night. Last appearance of MISS 126 HULSON. This af ernoon a 2½ o'clock the LOKET-OF-LEAVE-MAN; Emply St. Evremond, Miss 100 Hulson. At night-the mutical drawn of the ONELY MAN OF THE OCEAN, (cast with

WOOD'S THEATER.

Cor. Fourth and Jefferson Sts. DUFFIELD & FLYNN Acting and Stage Manager Last appeara ce of the ZAVISTOWSKI'S. Saturday Evening, Cct. 21, will be present d AtADDIN. (Dances by the Zavistowski.)

DE LAURA KEENE and HARRY HAWK on Monday.

REORGANIZED FOR A GRAND SOUTHERN TOUR.



Thayer&Noyes'

MANUEL STATES CHARLES

WILL EXHIBIT AT LOUISVILLE. COR. EAST AND CHESTNUT, Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 24 and 25.

Positively for Two Days Only.

THE MANAGEMENT WOULD RESPECTFULLY state that, in organizing their Circus Comp-ny for a grand Southern tour, the have spared neither time, labour money to make their present Combination the MOST BRILLIANT & ATTRACTIVE rer presented for the patronage of the public. Through the indomitable preserverante of their special agents aided to the prestige of the world-wife reputation of the Proprietris), they have made the four quarters of the globe contribute their CHOICEST GAMS to form THIS

BRILLIANT CONSTELLATION, This grand Allianc of Talent is organized on a scale of unprecedented magni cence, and the extraordinar; and varied performance of the GREAT AREAY of Foreign and Native Artists

will inaugurate a new era in amusements. The entertain-ments will be produced with a legree of criginality and splender never before attempted in this country. The Colossal Combination



SUPERB ACTS, THRILLING FEATS, GORGEOUS SPECTACLES, CLASSIC DISPLAYS, REGAL PASTIMES. PICTURESQUE GAMES, SUMPTUOUS FESTIVITIES, FASCINATING AND VIVID PAGEANTRIES BEAUTIFUL GROUPINGS, MARVELOUS SENSATIONS, GRACEFUL HORSEMANSHIP, BRILLIANT ARENIC GEMS,

AND RACY HUMOR, FORMING A Pyramid of Wonders TRULY MAGNIFICENT,

SPARKLING CORRUSCATIONS OF WIT,

Enriched by the crowning adornment of an eminent and Cycle of Genius. Doors open at 2 and 7½ p. m. Admission to the entire Mammoth Combination 50

WILL EXHIBIT AT

JEFFERSONVILLE MONDAY, OCTOBER 23. The New York

CHANGE THE CHANGE Largest Troupe ever Organized

into One Company!

WILL EXHIBIT ON THE Corner of East and Chestnut Sts., EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING THIS WEEK, ENDING SATUR-

DAY, OCTOBER 21st. THE BRILLIANT CLUSTER OF CELEBRITIES that adorn this famed Circus are unparralled in their several specialities. Connected with this immenser arranged in it the celebrated "Stickney Family," consisting of S. P. STICKNEY, the veteran pioneer of Circus Russements, Mr. E. Delbert TSTICKNEY, the champion omersant equestran, who challenges the world or \$600 o produce Lis equal Young SAM, STICKNEY, the "Pearl of the Arena."

Wor full particulars of these superb entertainments see Manmoth Pictorials, Bisplay bills, Circulars, etc.

A Grand Ratinee will be given every afternoon for the commodation of indies and children. Doors open at 1 and 70'clo k P. M. Admission, 50 cents;

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

SHERMAN P. WHALRY & CO. REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AUCTIONEERS. On Sixth street, bet. Main and Market.

EAST SIDE, TEY E HAVE THIS DAY ENTERED INTO A CO. PARTership for the purpose of carrying on a general AUC-TION and COMMISSION business exclusively.

NO GOODS OF OUR OWN WILL BE SOLD. We will pay strict attention to sales of Furniture at rivate residences, R al Estate, Houses and Lots, also les of Dry Goods and Merchandiso generally. We respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

Our house will be open for business on Monday mornng, Sept. 25, when we shall be very happy to receive the consignments of our friends and the public in general, Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

E. D. FRYER,

SHERMAN P. WHALEY,

If you want anything. If you have anything to sell, If you want floarders, If you have Found anything,

Tell Ten Thousand People at Once by Advertising in the Daily Press.

CANDIDATE.

H. M. McCARTY respectfully anxounces himself to the members of the Kentucky State Legislature as a candidate for re-election to the office of State Binder, se7-is

WANTED.

WANTED —A GERMAN, WHOSE WIFE HAS RE-cently died, wishes to place his two boys—aged 11 and 12 years—in some respectable family to raise. For particulars inquire at this other.

WANTED,—YOUNG MEN OF LOUISVILLE TO WE know that Bryant, stration & DeHan's Louisville and Clecinuati Business and Telegraph Colleges are to Largest and gest in America. None but the best teachers employed. Any person sending the names of welveyoung mea or soldiers who have not attended a commercial college will receive magnifice: tspecimen's of DeHan's writing. Young men write to-day.

A GENTS TO CANVASS KENTUCKY AND TENNES.

A SEE for the streat New Work, "PaTROLEUM V. NASBY PAPERS." published by R. W. Carrella & C. This book must have a larger carculation than any book ever sold by subscription, owing to its originality and humor. There is no similar work in the field, of that agents will find this a glorious opportunity, if they embrace it soon. The work is a trinted, engraved, and bound in the highest style of art, and contains 40 pages of well-written matter. Applican's will state experience. They may either send for circuiars, or, if they wish to commence at once, inclose \$1.25 for order-book and \$2 for sample copy. We give the highest terms of any house in America. No charges for books and exclusive rights given as to territary.

Address

General Agent, Louisville, Ky. Knoxville Whig and Nashville Press and Times copy and Address oct-d&wlm General Agent, Louisville, Ky.

[Knoxville Whig and Essiville Press and Times copy and send bill to this office.]

FOR SALE.

CORSALE-A NO. 1 RIVER FARM-CONTAINING 194% acres, situated nine miles from the city of Louis-194% acres, situated nine miles from the city of Louis-ville, on the Caus Run road, well set with fault trees, and has good buildings, etc. For further information call on the premises. [oc2!-tf]

veyor's Office, Louisville, Ky., October 20, 1865.
Proposals for fifty (50) ownces or upwards of Sulphate of Quinin are invited until the lst prox.
Proposals shall be considered as soon as received and notice of acceptance given at once.
TERMS C.SH. Packages delivered on receipt of amount of bill.

D. L. MAGRUD R.,
oc21-4t Surgeon and Brev. Lt. Col. U. S. F.,

CASHMERE SHAWL GOATS.—A FEW HALF-blood kids (male and female) for sale at reasonable (not tancy) prices.

Oct9-6t*
Shepherdsville, Ky. FROR SA! E-LAND.-NINE ACRES OF BEAUTIFU Liand, well improved, on Twenty-1xth street, betwee its in street and the Portland Railway. Also, 3% acre-ith frame cottage upon it, one square south, and paares west of same. Apply at the brug Store, coruce eventh and Market streets. BENJ, F. ALFORD, self-th.

FOR SALE-TWO BRICK HOUSES-TWO STORIE ween Second and Third streets. Appy to FRANK (FER, or D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

FOUND.

FOUND-A BRASS DOOR KEY.—THE OWNER CAN get it at this office by paying for the advertisement.

LOST.

OST-CHILD.-ABOUTTEN DAYS AGO A LIKELY little black boy, named Peter, neatly dressed, and rough the city. Elis mother is now living with Dr. Wa in Shelbyville, Ky. A liberal reward will be pa his delivery to J. W. Shockeney, Second street, been Market and Jefferson, Leuisville, Ky. 122-tf MSS. SUPHIA LYLE.

WARTED. WANTED-AL YOUNG MEN-WISHING TO BE TELL GRAPH OPERATORS to come at once a Bryant, Siration & I clian's Louisville and Cincinnat Folioges. These are the b st and largest in the country we its for College menting, which will be rent tree, self-

FURNISHING GOODS.

GREAT OPENING

Ladies' Purs! Gents' Furs! Child'n's Fues:

Complete Stock! Bought Early! Low Figures

Genuine Goods! Real Names! Purest Qualities!

COR. MAIN AND FOURTH STS.,

Are in receipt of their fall stock of

Ladies', Gents' & Children's Furs They were purchased in the opening of the season, and at prices

33 PER CENT.

BELOW PRESENT FIGURES.

BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.

WHOLESALE BOOTS, SHOES & WOOL HATS

E ABE RECEIVING A FULL STOCK FOR FALL and Winter trade, which we are selling at low prices. 165 WEST MAIN STREET, aug28-3md&wie

JEWELRY.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, CLOCKS

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AT Dickel & Hoose,

(Successors to J. J. Hirschbuhl,)

No. 82 Main St., one door above Third. MASONIC REGALIES, LODGE, CHAPTER AND ther Masonic Jewel-; also a large assortment of i-tols and wilitary Goods.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Music Boxes carefull
epaired and warranted.

Oc20-ly

MARSHAL'S NOTICES. U. S. Marshal's Sale.

TYBRUE OF VENDI EXPONAS, NO. 333, IS used from the District court of the United States for Kentucky District at Louisville, the undestinged will for sale on Mindday, actionable 230, at the office collector of Internal between in the Custom House is highest bidder 61 boxes Cigars, ordered to be sold Sale to take place at 10 o'clock A. M. Terms cash. oc20-td W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

EVERYBODY TAKE NOTICE! THE DAILY PRESS

The Press is the Official Paper of the United States for the State of Kentucky and the Southern portion of Indiana ana

A WORD TO ADVERTISERS.

Our circulation is rapidly increasing, high renders the Press one of the best ivertising mediums in the State. We ope our friends will send in their ad-

S. Sain, Troy, Ind.
Rannel Feland, Pestmaster, Hepkinsville, Ky.
S. B. Pettingil & Co., Park Roy.
D. G. Venable, Frankfort, Ky.
J. S. Bean, Bowling Green, Ky.
Thomas Boardman, New Athany,
Peaslos & Co., New York, Peskman street,
Dr. J. J. Polk, Perryville, Ky.

THE UNION PRESS IN JEFFERSON.

Our former agent, Mr. Sternberg, has disposed of his business to C. H. Paddock, whose headquarters are A. Carr's store, southeast corner of Spring and Front streets. Mr. Paddeck is a reliable and responsible gentleman, and having proven himself a good soldier of the Republic deserves the encouragement which he will doubtless receive from our trans-Ohio friends.

VILLE.

By referring to the printed terms on our first page, it will be seen that we have reduced the price to both city and mail subscribers.

.....20e

DRY COODS.

UNTIL MONDAY, OCTOBER 22,

On which occasion we expect make some extensive afterations and additions to the

YORK

Foreign and Domestic

We shall offer our entire stock of

GOODSI

AT GREAT BARGAINS.

Cheaper by far than they were ever be-

Embraced in our stock are Most elegant Silks of all colors; Evening Silks in greatest variety; 500 styles new Dress Goods; English and French Merinces of every coler;

Pop ins, Vellours, Empress Cloths, Reps;
Alpacas and Wool Delaines of all colors Our Hosiery and Glove stock, together with every de-cription of Underwear, White Goods, Laces, Embroid-eries, Braids and Cloak Trimmings, is the largest we ever had, and shall be offered this week very cheap. Cloaks, Wool and Zephyr-knit Shalls, Nubias, Caps, Hoods and Opera Shawls in greatest variety. We doubt if there is in Louisville such a stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Linseys, etc., for men's, boys' and servants' wear, as we have, all of which will be ered this week, or until date hereof, at unprecedented

> S. BARKER & CO., NEW YORK STORE.

Fourth St., bet. Market and Jefferson.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

Marshal's Sale. E. A. Finnegan &c.

DY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE
Charger Court represents the above course the un-

All Margard by Hearly M. Forlyth, by deed dated and Water streets, fronting on raid street 22 feet, and extending tack in west same width 55 feet, and is the same conveyed to said arthur Finnegan by said Forsyth, by deed dated 18th June, 1856.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional scourity.

Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.

N. BEALL GANTT,

Deputy.

INK.

GREEN & GREEN, DR. EELL'S WRITING FLUID.

Dr. Eells' Writing Fluid.

The ink manufactured by Dr. S. W. Eells at this place, is fast working itself into publie favor. Wherever it is tried, it is pronounced the best made in this country, and equal to Arnold's celebrated inks. Read he following certificate from the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury Department, at Washington. The Dr. has shown us the original certificate, and we can youch for its genuineness.-Mansfield (O.) Herald.

its genuineness.—Maissieid (C.) Heraid.

Treasury Department,

Fourth Auditor's Office, July 11, 1855.

I hereby certify that I have been using, for some time
post, in my office, Dr. S. W. &eis' Ins, both his writing
and copying fluids, manufactured at Mansfield, Ohioand that I am highly pleased with it, and consider it
equal in every respect, if not uperior, to Arnold's im
posted ink, and I think less liable to mould.

I therefore recommed it as worthy the attention of
the Government Departments in Washington, and al
persons who desire a really superior article of ink o
American manufacture. lesire a reany surfacture.

STEPHEN J. W. TABOR,
Fourth Auditor.

REMOVAL.

BRADSHAW & BRO.,

Architects,

Have removed their office to

NO. 64 MAIN STREET,

between Second and Third HOTEL.

PLANTERS' HOTEL D. W. POOR, Lessee

Sixth Street, near Main, Louisville, Ky. THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN REPAIRED, REFITTED and returnished, and is now open as a first class oct2-10t*

WRAPPING PAPER. 2000 BUNDLES RAG AND STRAW WRAPPING by Paper—assorted dizes—in store and for sale by WILLIAM GEOMEY, 729 Main street. WRITING PAPER.

FAIR INCOLUMN TO THE TAX.

DO BEAMS RULED AND PLAIN FOOLSCAP
Paper;

560 reams ruled and plain Letter Paper;

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La store and for sale low by
anset-4f WILLIAM CROMYE.

250 BAGS RIO COFFRE; In store and for sale by H. BURKHARDT, sc23-tf 180 Main street, bet. Fifth and Sixth,

RE TELEGRAPH

REGULAR MIDNIGHT REPORT. The North Carolina Convention.

Abolition Ordinance to be Submitted to the People.

The Fenian National Convention. Jeff. Davis Asks for an Immediate

Trial.

Colorado Republican Convention.

Trial of Emerson Etheridge Closed

The Wirz Military Commission. Argument of Judge Advocate Chipman.

The Episcopal General Convention

The Fenian Congress -- Secret Delibera-

Loss of the Ship Apalanta

tions. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20-At the session of the Fenian Congress on Wednesday Gen. Sweeney was assigned a seat on the plat-form. The General was received with much enthusiasm, but declined to speak, as the Convention meant to work.

At the evening session a resolution was dopted prohibiting delegates from making notes of the proceedings of the Convention. and they were ordered to destroy any they had written, for fear they might be lost and give information to the enemy.

Messus, Hynes, of Massachusetts, Rice, of Michigan, and Captain Walsh, of Pennsylvania, were appointed a committee of three to prepare a condensed report of the

proceedings of the Convention to be forwarded to the press, subject to the inspec-tion of the head center.

The report of the Envoy of the Brother-hood, from Ireland, was received with the greatest enthusiasm. Resolutions were adopted, the members of the Convention rising to their feet with one accord, pledg-ing the fullest support to their friends

Thursday's Proceedings.—The Congress was called to order, the Head Center in the

The Head Center addressed the Congress advising unanimity of action, prudence and caution in all our deliberations. He coun-selled an entire revision of the Constitution of the organization. He also suggested certain changes in the financial management of the organization.

It was resolved that no more applications or seats in this convention be received. A resolution appointing a committee to report on certain discrepancies in the Prayer Book was adopted.

The Committee on Christian Education submitted a full report on this subject. The report is very able and at great length, and discusses the various departments of edu-cation at home in the Sunday schools, day and boarding schools, and the college. The object of the Committee was to call attention, particularly of parents, to the want of a better education of the young in the principles, theory and dectrines of the church.

The Committee on Canons report a canon in reference to the formation of dioceses

within the jurisdiction of foreign mission-ary Bishops, also an amendment to author-ize the ordination of priests and deacons in those churches abroad which are not under missionary jurisdiction, such as the church in Paris, also in Hayti. The amendments ar

rence with the action in the House of Bish-

Episcopal Convention -- Falling of a Wall --Persons Injured PHILAELPHIA, Oct. 20 .- The General

Convention of the Episcopal Church will not adjourn this week, but will continue its session until the middle of next week. The following are the proceedings of the Fenian Congress:
On Thursday afternoon Col. Murphy, of New York, was appointed chairman pro

The Head Center subsequently arrived nd took the chair.
The floor was voted to Col. Mullen, or

ennessee, and Mr. P. W. Dunn, of Illinois, who addressed the Convention at length.

Mr. Fitzgerald, of Ohio, moved that a committee of two from each State and Dis-trict, be appointed on the government of the Constitution and By Laws; each State and District to choose its own committee.

The motion was agreed to.

The following gentlemen were then ar pointed as such committee: Maine, D.O.C. O'Donaghue and Mr. Donovan; Military O'Donaghue and Mr. Donovan; Military Circle of Washington, Capt. Dennis Downing and Capt. A. Mahoney; New Jersey, John Eagan and John Bradley; District of Manhattan, N. Y., J. J. Rogers and Col. T. Mulehy; Northern N.Y., Wm. B. Doinhee and John McKenna of Conn., W. Murphy and L. E. Goodwin of Mass., John W. Tobin and P. A. Sennatt of Mass., M. S. Corville and David Painess of Ky., P. Bannon and D. Lincoln of N. H., John C. Lincham and Daniel Cady of Wisconsin, Thos. Carrol and Henry C. Dunn of Md., Patrick Cahan and John F. Sweeney of District of Columbia, Jennes J. Kane and James Ryan of Mo., Gen. Thomas Carly and A. L. an of Mo., Gen. Thomas Carly and A. Morrison at Capital, John Lonergan of O. J. W. Fitzgerald and L. Meaney of Tenn.

J. W. Fitzgerald and L. Meaney of Tenn., Col. B. F. Mullen and Martin Kerrill of Illinois, P. W. Dunne and M. Lenby of Indiaria, B. B. Daley and W. Griffin of Iowa, D. W. McGovern and Edward Moriarty of Pa., James Gibbons and Colonel Charles D. Lewis of Michigan, Lawrence Verdan and J. J. Hartford of Rhode Island, P. O'Malley and J. McDonnel of Delaware, H. A. Mullen, Gen. Sweeney and Col. H. A. Mullen, Gen. Sweeney and Col. Murphy were added as honorary members

of the committee.

The rear wall of the building lately oc cupied by French & Rachards, wholesale druggists, and which building was burned about two weeks since fell this morning, injuring three men very seriously. Another is believed to be buried under the ruins.

Appeals--Restoration of Jeff. Davis' Pro-perty Demanded--Government to Retain Troops in Mississippi--Severe Sentence--5-20 Bonds.

New York, October 20.—A special to the Times, dated the 20th, says Joe Davis, brother of Jeff. Davis, has made a demand for the restoration, of not only his, but his brother's property in Mississippi. The withdrawal of the troops from the South, heretofore loudly demanded by the people, is now sorely deplored, and piteous appeals to retain them are received by the

Major John A. Haddock, of the Elmira Military Depot, has been sentenced to be cashiered, and disabled from holding any office in the service of the United States, &c., and pay a fine of \$10,000 for frauds.

Taken—\$40,000,000 of the new issue, and \$50,000,000 of the 5-20 bonds for funding the

compound interest rates and certificates of indebtedness, have been taken.
Governor Crapo, of Michigan, has been assured by Secretary Stanton that the remainder of the Michican regiments will be mustered out so soon as their places can be supplied.
Major General Stannard, of Vermont,
who was honorably mustered out, has been
reinstated, on the recommendation of Gen.

Vessel Foundered at Sea.

New York, Oct. 20.—The Brig Fitania, of Philadelphia, for Mobile, foundered at sea on the 16th, and sunk two hours after her abandonment by her crew and passengers, who drifted 24 hours on a raft until picked up and brought to this port by the U. S. guuboat Florida, which arrived here last night.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Colonel Chipman this morning read his argument on the

testimony with regard to the responsibility of the parties for the purpose of ascertaing, as nearly as language can portray them, the horrors of Andersonville, that we may be prepared to appreciate fully the fearful responsibility of those inculpated by the evidence. 3d. To examine the charge alleging conspiracy in this connection, showing the extent of the conspiracy, its purports, and the criminality of each of the ing the extent of the conspiracy, its purports, and the criminality of each of the conspirators. And 4th. To show the guilt of the prisoner at the bar under charge second. He first argued the jurisdiction of the court, and referred to the fact that witnesses had been summoned for the defense, the Government bearing the expense, besides incurring another heavy expense in furnishing the counsel with a complete copy of the record from day to day. Much indulgence had been extended to the defense in contrast with the treatment to our fense in the contrast with the treatment to our fense in the contrast with the fense in contrast with the treatment to our fense in the contrast when the course in the fense i fense in contrast with the treatment to our soldiers. He noticed the evidence showing the horrible condition of Andersonville and yard at home." the suffering inflicted there, and then proceeded to unfold the extent of the conspiracy, its purposes, and the cruel and devilish means resorted to by the conspirators to accomplish their ends.

He said though at the head of this treason were Americans, prominent in the council of the nation, they had forfeited all rights; they had consed to represent the true pairit

they had ceased to represent the true spirit of Americanism; they were outlaws and criminals, and cannot by their crimes taint our fair Executive. He referred to these leaders sanctioning brutal conduct on the part of their soldiers; perpetrating unheard of cruelties at Libby and Belle Isle; encour-aging atrocities; propositions for retaliation in their Congress; sanctioning guerrilla warfare, steamboat burning, city burning, sending infected clothing to our capital, and

other barbarities.
Colonel Chipman considered the position held by General Winder. The testimony shows that he was for a long time in full control of the prisons in the South, and was Provost Marshal around Richmond. His authority was almost unlimited, and he was constantly sustained by Davis and Benjamin. The rebel authorities decided to establish a prison at Andersonville, and the management of the matter was given to

Winder. Colonel Chipman proceeded to show how the plan was arranged and carried out, and quoted from the testimony for that purpose. It was not possible that such an immense prison was unknown to the Richmond au-thorities, and that the management and subsistence was left to Wirz. It was shown that Winder remained true to his purpose, as he declared, to build a pen that would kill more damned Yankees than could be destroyed in the front.

The prisoner at the bar, despite all his pre-

tended protests, and individual instances of humanity, remained as he said in his letter to Gen. Wilson, the tool in the hands of his Col. Chipman then reviewed the barbari-

ties placed on evidence before the Court. He asked the Court if it was not convinced that Wirz acted in harmony with the common design and carried out Winder's plans He proceeded to show that the evidence connected the Richmond Government with the atrocities, and cited the fact that Winder's conduct was upheld at Richmond, when he should have been tried for cruelty and violations of the laws of war.

Evidence showed that no steps were

taken by any one in authority to alleviate the sufferings of the prisoners. Colonel Chipman next proceeded to exmine into the cruelties perpetrated, in order to more certainly convict Wirz with conspiracy. He referred to the record of barbarities contrary to the usages of war, and instanced the stoppage of rations, stocks and dead line. After tracing the crueities, Colonel C. asked if they could not safely stop there and ask that Wirz be re-corded as one of the conspirators. The claim that he was acting under a superior is no excuse, as a superior officer cannot order a subordinate to do an illegal thing.

If he obeyed illegal orders from Winder stevenson who incentited prisoners with impure matter under Wirz's superintendence. He concluded as follows: This, the record of history, against the charnal house of Andersonville. Let the mouths of those who would defend those atrocities by accrimination, charging the United States Convergency with like qualities forever. Government with like cruelties, forever hereafter be closed.

Fort Delaware and Johnson's Island with their 2 per cent of deaths, Andersonville with 83 per cent. Look upon that picture and then upon this, and tell me there was no design to slay. Let no mind, be it warped ever so much by treason and sym-pathy with treason, doubt this record, for if damned custom hath grazed its soul that it be proof and bulwark against sense, it must elieve it cannot deny these things. May it please the court, I have done with argument under charge first. I leave it with you to answer with your verdict whether this charge of conspiracy, solemnly and seriously preferred, can be passed by and disposed of without a single explana-

tory line in defense.

I place before you on one hand the pro estations of the accused, who speaks for testations of the accuser, who speaks for himself and his co-conspirators, and on the other hand the testimony of Dr. Bates, where he declared, as you remember, with faltering tone and feelings overcome: "I feel myself safe in saying that 75 per cent. of those who died might have been saved

had those unfortunate men been properly cared for." I leave it with you to say whether the risoner at the bar can acquit himself or his associates in crime by declaring the charge here laid to be, as he told you. a myth or a phantom of the brain, a wild chimera as unsubstantial as the baseless

The court adjourned until to-morrow, when Col. C. will deliver his argument un-

der the second charge-murder. From Savannah.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The steamer Empire City brings Savannah advices to the The Herald says Hon. J. M. Baker, of the late Confederate Congress from Florida, who was pardoned by President Johnson, is in Sayanuah, en route for his home. Hon. Wm, A. Forward, Associate Judge

of the Supreme Court of Florida, is detained in Savannah by severe illness. The transportation of sick soldiers from Savannah to the hospitals of Hilton Head ontinues.

Gold. New York, Oct. 20.—Gold is without change. The expectations that foreign firms may purchase gold to remit balances under the pressure of the high rates of the interest of London, helps to sustain the quotation. As yet, however, we hear of no transactions of that character. Quotations opened at 146½, dropped to 146, and recovered ¼ again.

New York Regiment -- Cotton Damaged NEW YORK, Oct. 20.-The 56th New York prived to-day from Hilton Head. A quantity of cotton lying on the bulk-head piers 36 and 37 E. A., just arrived from New Orleans, took fire yesterday and was damaged to the arrived from New Orleans, took fire yesterday and was damaged to the amount of about \$50,-000. It belonged to J. S. Ervey & Co., and Norton, Slaughter & Co. About the same time a quantity on pier 43 also took fire. Damage \$30,000.

New York, October 20.—A special to the Evening Post from Washington says that the Freedmen's Bureau received dispatches from Texas this morning, glving very favorable accounts of the condition of affairs About ten freedmen are subsisted at Gov-ernment expense in the city of Galveston. Labor is in great demand in the State, New York Politics.

Freedmen Affairs in Texas.

ALBANY, October 20.—James S. Thorne, city editor of the Troy Times, was last evening nominated Union candidate for the Assembly from that district.

The Governor has appointed A. J. Dittenhaffer judge of the Marine Court in place of Judge McCarty.

The Wirz Trial--Argument of the Judge | Execution of Champ Ferguson---Stage

Attacked by Highwaymen. NASHVILLE, October 20 .- Champ Fergu-Washington, Oct. 20.—Clonel Chipman this morning read his argument on the part of the prosecution in the Wirz trial. He said he had thought it best to notice first, such legal objections as have been made to the Commission as a judicial tribunal, and such other objections as may be deemed worthy of notice touching the manner in which the case has been tried.

2d. To present a truthful analysis of the testimony with regard to the responsibility of the parties for the purpose of ascertaing, as nearly as language can portray them, to some 10 or 12 of which he nodded assent. When asked if he had anything to say, he replied: He couldn't talk; but there were many charges of which he knew nothing about; others he admitted. During the reading he said to Shafter, I could tell it

better than that. head) and sent to his wife in White county. He said, "I want to lie in my own grave-

Champ's last words, after the white cap had been drawn over his face, were: "O, Lord, have mercy on me, I pray"—and immediately the drop fell.

After hanging thirteen minutes his heart was found to beat regularly. Death was produced by strangulation. After thirty-five minutes the body was cut down and iffe pronounced extinct. The body was forwarded to his family in White county,

A stage-coach running to Lebanon was attacked by highwaymen on Wednesday, near the Hermitage, twelve miles from Nashville. Several shots were fired, but no damage done.

Colorado Republican Convention. DENVER, Oct. 20.-The Republican State Convention nominated for Governor Wm. Gilpin, and for Representative G. M. Chilcott. Full delegations were present from all sections of the Territory. Among the resolutions adopted was the following: Resolved, That the Convention solemnly ondemns the malignant attack upon the condemns the mangiant attack upon the soldiers of Colorado who hastily left the comforts of home and the profits of busi-ness, and after a campaign of unusual vig-or, met and vanquished a large tribe of In-dians at Sand Creek, whose hands are still stained with the blood of our citizens, who had taken into a captivity worse than death helpless women and children, and whose lodges were crnamented with the fresh scalps of their victims; and that the pro-tection of the people, safety of lives, of supply, mail and telegraphic communication demand that the theater of these Indian difficulties be created into a department,

with an experienced western Indian fighting general in command.

Lost Steamer Apalanta -- Number of Lives New York, Oct. 20.—We learn from the Merchants' Express Company, of this city, that the cargo of the lost steamer Apalanta consisted of 1178 bales of cotton, 300 boxes and learn of the consisted of the control of the candles and one case merchandise. Her passenger list included Miss Wolf, O. Livingston, Capt. M. R. Wilson, C. S. Smith, D. Myers and lady, H. H. Maloney, W. H. Lansory, D. Dixtor, and Robt. Callie. Four boats left the sinking craft, one of which contained three ladies, a child and other passengers. This capsized and all were lost. Two other boats, in which were Capt. Williams and crew, were upset after leav-Williams and crew, were upset after leaving the ship. The fourth boat, with four persons in it, is thought may have reached land. Those who arrived here were saved

by clinging to the after part of the ship.

North Carolina Convention. NEW YORK, Oct. 20 .- The Herald's Raeigh correspondent says that the North Carolina convention has unanimously adopted an ordinance submitting to a vote of the people the ordinance prohibiting slavery and declaring the secess sion ordi-If he obeyed illegal orders from Winder both were guilty, and if he acted on his own motive he was guilty. He then proceeded to notice the guilt of Sargeons White and Stevenson who inoculated prisoners with The convention has agreed to meet again

> sion in May. The Cholera -- A. H. Stephens calls on NEW YORK, October 20 .- The Post's special says: The State Department has re-ceived dispatches per steamer Scotia from United States Consuls showing that the

adjournment of the present ses-

United States Consuls showing that the cholera is rapidly on the decline in Italy, Constantinopie and elsewhere.

A. H. Stephens, accompanied by Judge Lockwan of Georgia, called on the President this morning and had an interview of an hour and a haif. It partook of a private character, though it is known that Stephens told the President that he fully approved of his course in regard to reconstruction.

his course in regard to reconstruction. Death of an aged Churchman -- Foundry PROVIDENCE, Oct. 20.—Rev. Dr. Nathan B. Crocker, since 1858 the oldest presbyter

of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, and for more than 60 years rector of St. John's Church in this city, died last evening aged 84 years. His funeral will be solemnized on Monday. The Washington Foundry, owned by the Barstow Stone Company, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss about \$12,000.

The insurance will probably cover it. II. A. Wise's Confiscated Property. New York, October 20.—The Herald's Richmond correspondent says that General Grant has refused the application made by Henry A. Wise, who declines to take the oath, for the restoration of the lands for-merly owned by him.

Trial of Etheriage Closed. CAIRO, October 20 .- The trial of Emerso Etheridge closed yesterday. The accused submitted his case without argument, and is confidently acquitted, except an unimportant charge to which he plead guilty.

Seven hundred and thirty bales of cotton passed for Cincinnati,

Severe Gale. PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 20.—The effects of the gale last night were severe on the

New York Grain and Produce Market New York, October 20.—Corron—Dull, heavy and lower at 77@78c for middling. By auction to-day for Government of 1800 bales at 80c for middling fair, 55c for strict middling, 5.0%245c for new middling, 10%3@315c for good ordinary, and 46%@47%c for ordinary.

FLOUR—10020c lower, the decline chiefly upon medium and common grades; \$800% 20 for extra State, \$8 75%c for good ordinary and extra round hoop Ohio, and \$9 16@12 50 for trade brands, market closing heavy.

eady.

Groceners—Coffee quiet and firm; Rio 19½@22½c.

ngar firm; Muscovado, 14621. Molasses quiet.

Perrolaxum—Lower at 36@37c for crude, and 61@62c

r refined in bond.

Paovisios s—Opened dull, but closed active and firmer;

331 72@53 0 for mess, closing at \$33, cash; 25 5026

for prime, and \$27@57 for prime mess. November,

flers' option, at \$22@6 2.00; also 160 bbts mess, deliver
ole in four mount's from December 1, sellers' option, at ers' option, at the comber t, sellers' option, at Beef fi mar; 470 bb's t il. Beef Hams scarce, at 25%. Let meats quiet, at 16%-01/2c for shoulders, 19922-%c for sams. Facon da l. ARD-Firmer, at 24%-9c.

etter-In demand at 28@42c for Ohio, and 49.25%.

reliable,
GRAIN—Wheat dull; old red will not bring over \$2; the
range for new is \$1 10@1 80. Corn dull at 44c. Oat* quiet,
at 40c in elevator. Hye firm end steady, at 50c for prume
new and 90c for old. Barley dul, and prices neminal.
PROVISIONS—A firmer feeling. City mess pork advanced
to \$33, closing firm and difficult to obtain at these rates.
Bulk meats and bacon without material change. We
quite bulk shoulders at 18c, and heavy sides 19c. Bacon
shoulders is hell at 19c, sides 21c, and clear sides at 24@
24½c, packed.

Cincinnati Grain and Produce Market.

CINCINNATI, October 20. P. M.—FLOUR—Dull and nom il. No quotations can be given that can be considered

SPECIAL TO WEST'RY PRESS

Commercial Matters in New York, New York, Oct. 20.—Railway speculation at the First Open Board opened rather weak. The market was steady, and prices petter, as compared with the lowest point last evening. A large business was done in leading stocks. The sales of Erie footed up 1606 shares. The bears have, besides, increased

their line of shorts, principally in three days' option. The bulls, on the other hand, have courage enough to put out a fair line of buyers' options, in the hopes of being able to profit out of the covering of contracts being put out by the bears.

The market was quite active throughout the day, and closed firm at the following rates: New York Central 94½, Erie 86%, Hudson 103½, Reading 113, Michigan Central 113, Michigan Southern 69½, Illinois Central 132, Pittsburg 72½, Northwestern 29%, do. preferred 62½, Toledo 101, Rock Island 106, Ft. Wayne 96½, Prairie du Chien 57¾, O. & M. Certificates 27½.

Stringency in the money continues; there is a pressing demand for short loans, in many cases irrespective of rates; 7 per cent. have courage enough to put out a fair lin

many cases irrespective of rates; 7 per cent. is the ruling rates, but higher prices are frequently paid.

Government securities are flowing freely into the market, from parties pressed for currency. Large amounts of 7-20's are arriving from the West, producing a further decline in prices. The second and third series of 7-30's sold at 97; 10-40's declined ½, and new issues of 5-20's ¼. The prevailing many cases irrespective of rates; 7 per cent.

and new issues of 5-20's 1/2. The prevailing feeling on all Government stocks is week. Gold has been quiet all this afternoon at 1464@14614.

There was little activity in petroleum stocks to-day, and sales at the following rates: Buchanan 74, Cherry Run 28, Excel-sior 74, Webster 94, Pithole Creek 635, Oceanie 65, Bennehoff Run 1400, Brevort

1340, Everett 85, First National 62, Rynd Farm 80, United States 2820. Petroleum dull, but steady, sales, 2000 bbls. at 36@37c for crude, 61@62c for refined in bond, and 80@82c for refined free. Pork was greatly excited to-day with a lively speculative feeling. Mess pork opened at \$31 75, rose to \$33 at P. M., change touched \$34. This movement was based upon fact that the market was largely oversold, and also that western parties are heavy

The Pope's Allocation Against Free Masons -- Armed Men Going to Ireland. NEW YORK, Oct. 20 .- The Pope has again NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The Pope has again pronounced an allocution which is making some stir in Europe. This time he warns the faithful against Free Masons, reminding them that many of his predecessors have proscribed and reproved that sect, entrance into which they declared should entail excommunication which the Pope alone could remove. alone could remove. The Pope denounces Free Masons as in-stigators of revolutions and calls on secu-

lar governments to suppress them.

The Siecle of Paris calculates that there are in Europe more than 2,000,000 Catholic The Pope condemns all other societies of imilar secret character. A Cork newspaper says that the British Government, having received information from the British Minister at Washington

that large parties of armed men were com-ing to Ireland in the steamships City of Dublin and City of New York, the former was overhauled at Crook Haven, but nothing of a suspicious character appeared on Register of Army Officers--Petitions Asking Pardon for Jeff Davis. NEW YORK, Oct. 20 .- The Times' Washington special says a register has been com-piled in the War Department, and is now in the hands of the printer, which gives the

name and rank of every volunteer officer who served since the commencement of the late war. The register also contains such other official information concerning each officer as is of any interest.

The President is daily in receipt of memorials in behalf of Jeff. Davis.

A few days ago Judge Phillips, of Alabama, at the request of petitioners, pre-sented one signed by nearly 5000 ladies of Georgia, and on Monday an anonymous bonds was introduced and laid over. A resolution asking Congress to repeal the test oath imposed upon legislators was introduced and laid over.

The convention has a constant to the country in various public positions as cabinet officer, and forms.

Engines,

Oil Well Tools and Rig complete,

Service to the country in various public positions as cabinet officer, and forms. bravely in the Mexican war; that he was I more a crimnal than others who figured in

the rebellion, and who had been pardoned. Jeff. Davis -- Immediate Trial Asked for-The Thumb-Screw Story. TWASHINGTON, October 20.—A dispatch to a Philadelphia paper says the counsel for Jeff. Davis has expressed a desire that his client be accorded immediate trial. The desire comes from Davis, who, it is said, has declared he has no fears for the issue, and that, therefore, the Government will do him

liberty itself and the presence of his family

There is said to be no truth in the repe that Dr. Mudd was tortured by means of the thumb-screw after the attempt to escape A. H. Stephens in Washington. NEW YORK, Oct. 20 .- The World's special says Alex. H. Stephens, accompanied by his brother, Judge Linton Stephens, arrived here to-night. They are stopping at Willard's. They were greeted by no Southerners on entering the hotel. Major General Hooker called and spent some time in conversation with Mr. Stephens. To-morrow morning he will try to get an interview

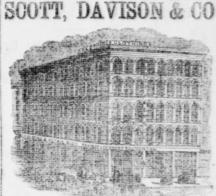
with the President. Covernment Sale of Railroad Stock -- Restitution of Property. WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 .- The Government sale of railroad rolling stock continued to-day. The sales have amounted to \$1,500,000. Six thousand acres of land in Arkansas, belonging to ex-rebel Gen. Gideon Pillow

which has been abandoned property for some time past by the Government, has been restored to the original owner. Government Cotton Sale. NEW YORK, October 20.—J. H. Draper & Co. sold to-day, under direction of the United States cotton agent, 1300 bales of cotton at the following rates: Middling fair to low ordinary Mobile 60 to 41½, middling fair to low Orleans 611 to 41, strictly middling good ordinary New Orleans 59 to 48.

From San Francisco SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.—Sailed: steamer Golden City, with 1000 passengers, \$1,244,000 in treasure for New York, \$314,000 for England, \$70,000 for France, \$20,000 for Central America, and \$10,000 for Panama.

of the trade should require it. Lubricating oil and Pen-

FURNISHING COODS.



(Successors o Scott, Keen & Co.,)

Wholesale and Retail Dealers MEN & BOYS' PINE CLOTHING Furnishing goods, Corner of Sixlh and Main Streets,

Louisville, Ey.

CLOTHING

THE LARGEST STOCK

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods INTHECITY

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE, Corner of Fourth and Main streets, under the National Hotel. SPROULE & MANDEVILLE, Military Olothing

VM. W. MORRIS. EDW. HOGG. A. GOWDY wa. W. Morrisaco. 405 MAIN ST., 165 CHAMBERS ST., LOUISVILLE, KY, NEW YORK WHOLDS- LE DEALERS IN

NOTIONS, STATIONERY, FURNISHING GOODS, SUTLERS' GOODS. AT EASTERN PRICES.

OIL WELL MACHINERY

485 Main street, between Fearth and Nich

MACHINERY.

Louisville Foundery and Machine Shop, Corner of Main and Tenth Streets, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Oll Well Tubing, Oll Pumps, &c.

Iron Driving-Pipe.

SAVINCS COMPANIES.

TRUST COMPANY.

A branch of the above Institution has been opened in his city, at the headquarters of Major General Palmer, n Walnut, between Third and Fourth streets. A safe place of deposit is now offered to the Freedmen there sums as small as one dollar will be received and

High Street Planing Mill

Cashier.

WM. SKE NE & CO. OFFICE-BULLITT STREET, BE TWEEN MAIN AND RIVER.

A DJUST AND SETTLE ALL OFFICERS', QUARTER tract Surgeons', Medical Returns and Accounts, and Claims growing out of the present War of the Rebel

WE ARE PREPARED TO SUPPLY THE TRADE WITH A SUPERIOR QUALITY OF REFINED OIL IN any quanity. Highest price paid for good Grade Petersons baving

CLAIM A GENTS

LOUISVILLE CARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS Cerner of Sixteenth and High Streets.

CRUDE PE TROLEUM

CLAIM ACENCY.

C. L. RAD WAY & CO.,

cept safely until required by the depositor. Office hours from 8 to 9 forenoon; 4 to 6 afternoon WM, H. GODDARD,

MILLS.

WORKS.

ESTABLIS HED 1861.

THREE HUNDRED BARRELS PER DAY zine always on hand.

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO.,

Manufacture and keep constantly on hand Portable and Stationary Steam

Bolle's Patent Flush-Joint Cast

We have the sole right for this city to manufacture

National Freedman's Savings

Chartered by Congress March 3, 1865.

TELEGRAPH.

Interesting from the Rio Graade.

Effect of General Grant's Order.

Confusion on the Mexican Side of the Rio Grande.

Fate of the Prisoners Taken on Either Side.

Defeat of the Imperialists Con-

Intelligence from South America.

firmed.

Revolution in Peru Continues.

Wm. L. Sharkey Elected Senator from Mississippi.

Mississippi Legislature in Favor of Negro Testimony.

NEW YORK, October 20 .- The Herald's Texas, and New Orleans, furnishes news of interest from the Rio Grande border. Considerable of a sensation, and, apparently ittle dissatisfaction had been caused in military circles by the publication of the recent order of Lieutenant General Grant directing the mustering out of a large number of colored troops. By this order the 25th Corps, under Gen-ral Weitzel, looses eleven regiments of volunteer colored soldiers from he States of New York, Massachusetts and

On the Mexican side of the Rio Grande an agitated and confused state of matters prevais. Cortinas and other Republican leaders were still hovering with the bands in the vicinity of Matamora , and skirmish-es between them and the Imperialists were still occurring, though not as frequently as some time ago. Some of the Liberal chiefs in that region are remaining in a compara tively quiet state, awaiting the result of Gen. Carvajal's mission to the United States, which they are confident will result in furnishing them all the men, money and ma-terial necessary to rid their country of Maximilian within the next seven months. Already they have received reinforcements

from some quarter, Prisoners taken on either side in these border contests have little chance for their lives. Generally, after being subjected to a mock triat, they are taken and shot. The reported defeat of the Imperialists by the Republicans at Elparral is confirmed. In the city of El Paso, President Juarez's capital, the anniversary of the birth of the Republic was celebrated on the 15th and 16th Cambar, by the zirging of balls, fring of S-ptember by the ringing of bells, firing of cannon, orations, illuminations, a grand ball and other ceremonies. There was great enthusiasm manifested on the occasion. Many American officers were pre-

The Imperialists in Matamoras had two splendid balls on the 17th and 24th of September, in honor of Mexican independence and the birthday of Gen. Mejia, the com-mander there, which were also attended by several United States officers, including Gens. Steele and Weitzel.

Six thousand Imperial troops were expected at Monterey on the 25th of September to reinforce those on the Rio Grande.

New YORK, October 20.—By the United

Admiral Bension, who comman fleet, has had conferred on him, by his Government, the additional rank of minister, and been endowed with power to insist on the indemnity demands; he has also at his command the facilities for enforcing them.

Though there is great indignation among the ability process which is the results reached the command that the stayed at his post until he knew that all were safe, and had to move though the billion reached when the same deck passengers, and about sixty-five in the cabin." Though there is great indignation among the chilian people upon the subject, it is believed that they will finally succumb.

In Peru the revolution continues, but drags along in a very slow manner, and no change of importance in the relations of

of serious proportions.

No new revolutionists are reported in any of the other republics of South and Central America, and they seem to be en-

pired term of A. G. Brown.

There is a majority in the Legislature in favor of negro testimony.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 19 .- Cotton unsettled, sales of six hundred bales middling at 54c; sugar firm, prime Louisiana 17%. Freights to New York—sail, 1½; steam, 2½. Bank checks—New York 3 discount.

St. Louis, Oct. 20.—The steamer Sunset was sunk near Augusta, in the Missouri river on Thursday. The boat and cargo is a total loss. The boat was valued at \$33,-000; insured for \$15,000 or \$20,000.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 20 .- The river has risen two inches, and is now five seet ten inches in the channel. Weather clear and pleas-

ant. Chicago, Oct. 20.—The packing establishment of S. Favorite & Son, and also Williams & Co.'s tannery were burned last night. Lo-s about \$100,000, mostly insured.

ELEVEDE NEW TO ELECTION

AERIVALS.

FRIDAY, October 20. St. Nicho'as, Cincinnati.
Maj. Anderson,
Mag.ie ilaye,
J. T. colombs, Henderson Minuscota, Cincinnati.
Anglo Saxo i, Cincinnati.
Phantom,
Phantom,
Phantom, Anglo axo , Cincinnati. I R. K. Dunkerson, Evansville

DEPARTURES.

St. Nicholas, Cincinnati. Peerless, Cincinnati. Maj. and reon. Golden Eagle, "J. McCombs, Henderson, Abeona, Memphis. Fa.gie Hays, N. a. arleans, Minneo a, St. Louis, R. K. Lunke son, Evans. Tarascon, Henserson THE RIVER has been at about the same channel depth at the head of the falls for

four days, and it has not varied over an inch in six days. That is a pretty steady tide, though it had the appearance of rising last evening. The weather was delightfully clear and pleasant all day, the thermometer ranging as high as 63.

At the foot of the fells, on the Bartland

At the foot of the falls on the Portland and New Albany bar there is about three and a half feet water, and along the Lower Ohio on the shoalest bars, about the same channel depth. Boats drawing over three and a half feet encounter much trouble and

delay in getting along.

The Anglo Saxan, and Phantom departed from Cincinnati Thursday, bound for Memphis. The latter ran aground at the wharf, and had to be pulled off. The only boats advertised at Cincinnati yesterday for lower ports were the Amelia Poe, and Annie White alias Forrest Rose,

for St. Louis, and the Champion and Havana, for Memphis.

The St. Charles, of the People's Line, that has been undergoing important improve-ments on the ways at Madison, is expected down to day to refit for the fall and winter campaign in the packet trade hence to Cin-

The J. G. Blackford, in case the Saint Charles should not be ready, is the People's Jine pucket for Cincinnati and the Last to-

The Gen. Buell and Nick Longworth are the regular Mail Line packets for Cincin-nati and the East to-day. The Buell starts at noon, and the long Nick Longworth in

The J. T. McCombs and R. K. Dunkerson came in from Evansville yesterday with good trips, but were delayed by fogs. The Dunkerson returned in the evening with a fine trip.

Thanks to young Coleman, clerk of the

McCombs, for a manifest.

The J. T. McCombs on her trip ran over a snag at French Island, which slightly ruffled her guard. She did not return to Henderson last evening, but the wild Tarascon teck her place. took her place.
The Tarascon, for Evansville and Hen-

lerson last eyening, went out full of pas-The little steamer J. R. Hoyle having

oeen detained takes her departure to New brleans to-day.

The St. Patrick over due from Memphis had not arrived at dusk last evening. She is the regular Louisville and Memphis the cause of the light offerings. acket, and will have dispatch for a return

at Cairo yesterday. She will probably turn back from that point, as the Ohio river is book from that point, as the Ohio river is oo low for first class boats.

day, October 12, at 6 P. M., with the 35th regiment Indiana infantry; steamer Indiana in moderate demand, and firm at \$2.30. The stock quotations were as follows: river. 14th, passed Julia under way at Warrenton. 15th, met Mollie Able at Princeton. 16th, met Mississippi and Forsyth at

Island 60. 17th, Kilgour at Memphis; Olive Branch at Ashport. The Brilliant, recently destroyed by fire in the Mississippi, at New Madrid, was insured in Cincinnati agencies for \$60,000.

The Melnotte and Nightingale were aground at Trade Water Bar, at the last accounts, and the channel was so cut up the state of th that the St. Patrick could not get past there. That explains the cause of her unusual de-

The Stannard, from Memphis, was at Evansvilie on Wednesday, with about 1000 bales of cotton for shipment North. THE LOSS OF THE BRILLIANT .- The St. Louis papers have the following statement of one of the pilots, Mr. Burt. The other

silot, Ben Shiveley, is a citizen of this city, and an excellent pilot:

"Mr. Burt says: At 6 o'clock on Monday norning we landed at New Madrid; mornng foggy; we remained a few minutes after putting out a lady; then we thought to float the Brilliant down through the bend in the dense fog; were just backing out, when I heard the alarm of fire from the lower deck, and the boat was instantly run back into the shore. The boat was kept against the shore by her wheels being al-lowed to continue working, and they worklowed to continue working, and they worked until the steam pipes melted. The escaping steam made a great noise, but nobody was scalded, everybody being gone
ashore. The fire originated in the watchman's locker, under the ladies' cabin. He
had just put his lamps away, and blew one
of them out, when it exploded. His name
is Jacobs, and he was badly burned. He
was expected to come up on the Graham. was expected to come up on the Graham. Jacobs acted the man; while on fire, he ran out, and a woman deck passenger threw a bucket of water on him. He then ran to the magazine in the hold, forward, and threw four kegs of powder overboard. The States steamer Florida we have news of importance from South America.

The Herald's Panama correspondent says the prospect is that the Republic of Chiliwill be compelled to submit to the demands of Spain for indemnity for damages suffered by the Spanish fleet in the Pacific during the Peruvian troubles, in consequence of height of the stage planks were run out, and all got off safely. The mate, captain, and myself could not get down stairs, owing to the flames, and therefore swung down from the hurricane deck. All ladies and children got to shore with but their night clothes on. Most of us lost our baggage, clothes. As of being refused coal and other supplies in | drid was not displayed conspicuously that I could learn of. I believe nothing was ds this saved from the office but the freight book.

The Rose Hite is the regular packet in Owing to the excitement regarding this matter, business throughout this lately prosperous Republic is stagnated.

In Peru the revolution

the hostile parties is recorded.

In some of the States of the Columbian Republic revolutionary operations were still continued, but they did, not appear to be of serious proportions.

The londwing statement of the Gilbert in the location in the location in the location in the location of the machinery of that boat may be fund useful. Boilers with twenty flues may make steam very fast, but practical boatmen do not favor them. Nearly all the boats that have ever attempted tubular hollers have had to "roll them overboard," and substitute the old fushioned flues. They

are much safer:
"The Hartupee Patent Moderator engines of the steamer Dictator consists of two high pressure cylinders, sixteen inches in diameter and eight feet stroke, and two thirty-six over Fulton Anderson—two ballots.

There was no allows of the Legislature "The Hartupee Patent Moderator engines of the steamer Dictator consists of two high pressure cylinders, sixteen inches in diameter and eight feet stroke, and two thirty-six inch cylinders, eight feet stroke, low pressure, working the exhaust steam of the high pressure engines, and carried the course of Hon. Wm. L. Sharkey by electing him United States of the steamer Dictator consists of two high pressure cylinders, sixteen inches in diameter and eight feet stroke, and two thirty-six new feet and eight f Davis, commencing March 4, 1863, by an overwhelming majority—one hundred to wenty-six over Futton Anderson—two balots.

There was no election to fill the unexolited term of A. G. Biown.

There is a majority in the Legislature in avor of negro testimony.

Mr. Shannon, of Clarion, was elected by the pressure, working the exhaust steam of the high pressure engines, and getting a vacuum of twelve pounds per square inch of the piston of the large engines. Supplied by three boilers, eighteen feet long and forty-four inches in diameter, with twenty flues of five inches in diameter in each boiler, burning an average of 406 bushels of call in twenty-four hours, which makes all coal in twenty-four hours, which makes all the steam the engines can work. The water wheels are thirty-five feet in diameter and fourteen feet length of bucket, thirty inches wide; the air pumps are sixteen inches in diameter, with twenty inches stroke, double acting, driven by two separate engines. The engines can be worked either high or low pressure. The machinery of this coat is a perfect success, with a saving of 66 per

"W. SHEDDEN, "JAMES BELL, "Engineers."

Bars on steamers furnished prompty with all the requisites (from a corkscrew to a bottle of champagne) and on reasonable terms, by J. H. SCHROEDER & SONS, Cor. Main and Fourth sts.

cent. of fuel.

IMPORTS BY THE RIVER. CINCINNATI, PER ST. NICHOLAS—2: sheets, 18 heads belier irou, John Pearce; 34 pks, Hutchings, D & Cc; 35 kitts mackre, G W Morris; B bols copperas 4 carboys acid, Morris & Son; 125 pkgs J H Higg nbottom, 12 bx-soda, Hillings & 0; 3 hhds tobucco, 1 bx mdee, Mathews & 0; 2 hids toba co, Spratt & Co; 4 do, S-auld ng & Son; 25 pks, Erwin & Donahoe; 141 co, J C Buckles; 442 do, owners.

do, owners.

cINCINNATI, PER PEERLESS—29 dog churns, McMahon & B. 20 kitts fish waarfbaat; 400 prs it R chairs' Lon & N R R; 100 bx tin, L thgow & Co, 5 hhds tob.coc, Spratte & Co; 23 exp pgs, Adams Exp Co; 154 pkgs, J C Buckles; 70 cases ma ches, 33 bbls od, 12 do spirits, 10 do apples, 29 do sugar, 6 bxs cheess, 35 pkgs goceries, 52 do guples, 29 do sigar, 6 bxs cheess, 35 pkgs goceries, 52 do owners; 188 d. mijohns, Krack & Co.

owners, 188 d-mijohns, Krack & Co.

GINGINN \$\frac{1}{2}\$ TI. PER MAJOR ANDERSON—129 exploses a subset of the sugar, 25 bes cosses, Gardner & Co; 100 bbls apples, Troop r & P; 50 do sugar, 50 bxs do 250 kitts fish. B-m-dect & Co; 60 kgs and 15 hlf oblis syrup, Ter y & S; 50 bxs cheese, Mic hane & Son; 410 bbls flour; Brand is & co; 1 hhd tobacco, R-mald & Bro; 10 bars from, Brand is & co; 1 hhd tobacco, R-mald & Bro; 10 bars from, Lou & N R R; 25 kgs syrue, O'Bancon & Co; 10 bgs coffee, Hibbit & Son; 13 bbls apples, J N C; 25 kxs soap Schrodt & Co; 6 kgs, 32 bd s, 6 bds, I cask liquor, John Terry & Co 217 pkgs, 16 bbls fish, owners.

EVANSVILLE, FER R. B. DUNKERSON—27 bags wheat, W H Richardson; 29 bbls and 1 bag, Gardner & co; 31 do, 55 do, D C Evans; 15 bags seed, Noore, B & Co; 250 bags onts and potatoes, B H RODERSON PER J T. McGOMBS—10 bbls flour, 2 pkg fish, 5 bxs mdse, owners.

HENDERSON, PEB J T. McCOMBS.—19 bbls flonr, 6 do potatoes, B. relt: 6300 feet lumber, Lewis & Bro; 196 bags oats, B H Robinson; 2-4 do bart-y, Railing & E, & kggs lard, 38 packages owners; 97 bales hay. Verhoff & Bro.

DISSOLUTION.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE FIRM OF W. & H. BURKHARDT IS DISSOLVed by the ceath of William Burkhardt, which occred on the 12th inst. he-survivor, henry Burkhardt,
continues the bus ness from and after september 20th
1865, in his own name, and as surviving partner will close
up the business of the late firm, at the same house they
occupied on Main sirect, between fifth and Sixth.

Lonisville, Ky., Sept. 21st, 18s5.

8c.6-tf

NOTICE.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE UNION PRESS, FRIDAY EVENING, October 29, 1865. Business to-day in all departments has been quiet, and dul, with limited receipts by the river, but steady, and heavy supplies of cotton and other produce by the Louisville and Nashville rai'rcad. Another lot of new cotton was received to-day by Guthrie & Co., from Tenne-se which sold on arrival at 53c.

The produce market is pretty well sustained, though receipts of green apples are more abundant, with sales in lots at \$3@7, the latter for choice selected. The sales of notatoes are also more active at \$3 in loss, and smaller sales at \$3 25. Buyers in the vicinity pay \$2 10@2 25 for round lots. The supplies of hay are scarce, the farmers not anxious to send to market, but buyers along the rive buy fre ly at \$12 per ton, which is a decline of one dollar on round lots. At the wharf choice baled timothy commends \$17 60, with a sale of 40 bales at \$17 75. It is quoted by dealers in store at \$18 per ton.

The market for leaf tobacco continues dull, with no

choice qualities in the break to-day. The excessive tight ness of money matters continues, and the planters are

The oil developements are increasing throughout th The river at Cincinnati had risen a couple of inches yesterday, and at Pittsburg it was slowly swelling with two feet six inches water in the channel.

Our dispatches report the loss of the steamer Sunset in the Missouri river, near Augusta. A total loss; the boat valued at \$30,000.

30,000.

The Indiana from New Orleans was due t Cairo yesterday. She will probably turn ton a st-ady increase in trade may be fully calculate ton a st-ady increase in trade may be fully calculate. tight money market makes our usual busy thoroughfare

At St. Louis, Thursday, the Mississippi was rising with eight feet to Cairo, six feet to Keokuk, three and a half feet in the Mississippi was rising with eight money market makes our usual obey the control of the Merchants' Exchange from New York quote the opening rate of gold at 146%, and closing the control of the Mississippi was rising with eight feet to Cairo, six feet to Cairo, si to Keokuk, three and a half feet in the Missouri, and five feet in the Illinois.

The towboat Tom Jones from New Orleans with a large number of empty barges, and the Lawrence from St. Louis, passed Cairo Wednesday, and were due last night.

The M. S. Mepham arrived at Cairo on the 18th. She left New Orleans on Saturday Oxfolor 12, at 6. p. M. with the 35th.

5-20 bonds, old ex-dividend.... 5-20 bonds, new There is no relief apparent in the tightness of the mone par, while stocks are lower than before. We quote as

follows: ndiana and Ohio
astern
tate Bank Tennessee
lanters Bank Tenn.
nion Bank,
'i'
itginia and North Carolina.
larine Bank, Georgia
artine Bank, Georgia
doublern Bank and Banking Co.
outhern Bank Alabama.
astern Exchange. 1-10 104 1902 dis. 30 Bonds, New...

Our quotations apply exclusively to the vade, unless otherwise stated. Retail and jobbe at an advance on these rates. COAL-Best Pi tsburg retailing at 28c per bushel, de

ered, and Pomr y to boats at 20c. COUNTRY PRODUCE-We quote green apples abund nt at \$3 50@6 per bbl in lots, as to quality. Dried afples range at 6 to 7c for old per lb; dried peaches scarce, at 12@15c for unpecled and 25@2sc per pound for pecied. Butter, 40@45c, in boxes or firkins; choice, 48@50c. Beeswax buying at 38@39c. Brooms, common, \$4 00@5 00; bes Shaker \$5 25@5 35 李 doz; Best Louisville \$5 75 per dozen. Cheese, Western Ecserve scarce at 20c, and 20%c for selected, all at nett weights. Hamburg 21c. English Dairy heese 22 cents. Feathers dull, and buyers are paying 70@802. Flaxseed buying at \$2 60 linsen buying at 65@70c. Beans nominal at \$1 25 for white. New potatoes in lots \$2.75@3 00. Onlone in lots to dealers at \$2.75; small sales at \$3.25 per bbl. Eggs we quote at 25@27c per dozen for fresh packed.

BAGGING AND EOPE-We hear of sales of 45 piece bagging at 28@28%c, and sales at 29c, Bale roje

rmer, with sales of 52 coils in loss at 151/2015/4c. and oice machine held at 16c. India bagging is higher, and quote at 25@27c. COTTON-We quote a sale at 5!c, a small lot at 25c, and bales new crop, Tennossee, at 53c.
COTTON YARNS—Cotton yarns very firm with sales o

o. 500 at 41c, in ots. No. 600 at 38c, and No. 700 at 33 er dozen. Small sales at 1c advance. ANDLES AND SOAP—We note considerable sales y manufacturers of 14 oz star candles at 27c. Sales o oz at 25c, with no charge for boxes, in lots of 50 boxes more; small sales at 25/2c. Tallow candles at 18619c erman's ap-No. 1 at 14c and No. 2 at 13c; common 12c ncy and castile 22@25c per pound. OOPERAGE—Prices at the factory are easier, with

tles of flour barrels, in large lots, at 60c. Small sales at c, and sales of second hand barrels at 30c.

DOMESTICS—We quote standard Western and Southn sheetings at 37c; Eastern are also 37c. Macon, Ga,

providing good fare, and in charge of good officers. The clerk, John Ouerbacker, is at follows: superfine flour \$7.85@8, p'ain extra \$9.9, extra family \$11@11.25, with a few sales of choice brands at the good fare of the good f and 50 bbls at \$12 75. Wheat scarce at \$1 40@1 90 fo new, and \$ @2 20 for prime old. New corn 50@60c, ol orn dull at 70@75c, oats 48@50c. A sale of 900 bushel choice spring barley at \$1 25 delivered.

GROCERIES—Sales to-day confined to the jobbing

ade, and we quote Fio coffee at 31@33c; raw sugar 156 se in hhds; hard standard 22@22½c in lots, with a sale of 50 bbls at 22c to the trade; coffee, sugar, three grades, anges from 19% to 20%c, and yellow sugar 17%@19%c orto Rico molasses \$1@1 20 in bbls. Rice 11½@12½c. HAY-A sale on the wharf of 48 bales choice timothy at

\$17 75; small sales at :18 per ton. 241/2@241/4c. Good shoulders 191/2@20c. Lard is scarc and rather firmer, with very little on hand. We quote at

WHI KY-Prices are lower, with a sale of 20 bbis ray at \$2 28. This is the Cincinnativate, the price having been \$2 28 there for several days. WOOL-There is rather more demand, with fair su ies, and sales of unwashed fleece at 35@39c, as to condiion, &c, and buyers are paying 63@65c for tub washed.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET. Friday. - The breaks to-day were light, and of inferior he sales ranged as follows: NINTH STREET-1 hhd at \$4 75-7 hhds at \$5 05 to -6 hbds at \$6 25 to 900-and 15 hhds at \$11 50 to

P10KETT-8 hhds at \$4 00 to 4 80-11 hhds at \$5 to 5 70-22 hhds at \$6-10 to 9 20—and 15 hhd; at \$10 05 to 18 75.

B JONE—2 hhds at \$4 00 to 4 75—5 hhds at \$5 to 5 95—13 hhds at \$6 to 9.60—and 11 hhds at \$10 to 15 25. LOUISVILLE-2 bhds at \$3 55 to 4 70—5 hhds at \$5 to 5 30—13 hhds at \$6 05 to 940—10 hhds at \$10 50 to 16—and 1 hhd at \$23 75.

PAPER WAREHOUSE. A. V. Dupont & Co..

Manufacturers and wholesale dealers in 图 图 图 图 Highest market price paid for rags

10,000 Peams assorted Wrapping Paper; 500 Reams Straw Boards; 550 gross Bonnet Boards; 100 cases assorted Letter Paper; 1,000 reams Manilla Paper; ,000,000 Envelopes--assorted;

FOR SALE BY A. V. DuPONT & CO.,

409 MAIN STREET.

JOB WORK. PRINTING & BINDING

OF EVERY DISCRIPTION DONE IN THE NEATENT style, and of best material and at lowest prices

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS Requiring any description of Printing or Binding was please give us a call.

Orders from abro d will be attended to with the messa attention, promptases and prices as if parties very present.

CIVILL & CALVER'S

STEAMBOATS.

FOR EVANSVILLE, PADUCAH, CAIRO AND MEMPHIS. Will leave as above 'HUB-DA', the 19th instant, at 5 o'clock P. M. POSITIYELY, from Portland Wharf. For freight or passage apply on board or to B. J. CAFFIRE, A eent, oc17-3t

FOR CINCINNATI Regular Mail Line Packets.

Connecting at Cincinnsti with early Eastern trains. The mag-GEN. LYTLE GODMAN, Master
One of the above seamers will leave punctually at 12
o'clock A. M., daily, and the steamers

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

PEOPLE'S LINE DAILY FOR CINCINNATI.

THE MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS ST. NICHOLAS. - - MEEKIN, Mast ST. CHARLES, . . . WATTS, Master, Will leave as above from the fort of Fourti-street at 12 o'clock M., connecting at Cin cinnati with the 5 A. M. trains for all the Northern and Eastern cities. For freight of B. J. CAFFREY, Agent,

1865. 1865. LOUISVILLE & HENDERSON

U. S. MAILBOATS For Owensboro', Evansville 'and Henderson connecting at Kyansville with the CAIRO AND EVANSVILLE PACKETS

The new and light draught steamers MOBNING STAI and STAR GREY EAGLE will leave every Tuesday, Wed leaday, Friday and Saturday at 5 P. M. NOTICE. A LL FREIGHTS AND PASSENGERS MUST BE AT A the Portland what before 5 o'clock P. M., as the bosts will not be delayed after that time under any circumstances. Letters, bills of lading, packages, &c., must be left with the Agents, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, before 3 o'clock P. M.

J. H. BUNGE, Sup't,

1865. SPEED, SAFETY AND COMFORT. Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and

Memphis Packet Co. Leaves Every Wednesday and Saturday. THE ELEGANT AND SUMPTUOUS PASSENGER STEAMER PASSENGER STEAMER
ST. PATRICK GEO. O. HART, Master
Will leave Louisville for Memphis every WEDNESDAY,
at 4 o'clock P. M., POSITIVELY.

THE FLEET AND ELEGANT



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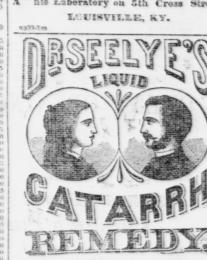
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